REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS TRITON HOLDING PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Triton Holding Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the separate financial statements of Triton Holding Public Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the related consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Triton Holding Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Triton Holding Public Company Limited as at December 31, 2018, and financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRSs").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing ("TSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters	Audit Responses
Recognition of revenue from construction contracts	
The Group has revenue from construction contracts which is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the construction contracts based on completion of a physical proportion of the contracts work. Therefore, the key audit matter is the recognition of revenue from construction contracts based on the stage of completion of the construction accurately in accordance with TFRSs. Accounting policy for revenue and supplementary disclosure for construction contracts were disclosed in Notes 2.4.5 and 10 to the financial statements, respectively.	 Very audit procedures included: Understanding the revenue recognition process relating to revenue from construction contracts and related internal control procedures Performing the design and implementation testing over the internal control procedures around revenue recognition process relating to revenue from construction contracts including related information and technology system Performing the operating effectiveness testing over the internal control procedures around revenue recognition process relating to revenue from construction contracts, and Performing substantive testing as follows: Understanding terms and conditions of the service agreements, recalculating the revenues whether they have been recorded appropriately, and examining the related supporting documents of revenue from construction contracts Testing calculation of percentage of completion and calculation of revenue from construction contracts Observing the construction site to consider of the progress of the stage of completion of the construction contracts.

Key Audit Matters Audit Responses Impairment of investments in associate, subsidiaries and other long-term investment The consideration of the impairment of Key audit procedures included: investments in an associate, subsidiaries and Understanding the impairment consideration process and related internal control procedures other long-term investment is depended on Performing the design and implementation testing management iudgements and over the internal control procedure around assumptions used in the estimation of the impairment consideration process recoverable amount of such investments. Performing the operating effectiveness testing Therefore, the key audit matter is the consideration that impairment of investments over the internal control procedures around in an associate, subsidiaries and other longimpairment consideration process, and term investment has been recognized in Performing substantive testing as follows: accordance with TFRSs. Examining the supporting documents in relation to the management consideration of Accounting policies and supplementary impairment indicators for investments in an disclosure for investment in an associate associate, subsidiaries and other long-term subsidiaries and other long-term investment investment were disclosed Notes 2.4.1. Understanding and assessing the appropriateness 2.4.6, 13, 14 and 15 to the financial of valuation model and key assumptions the statements, respectively. management used in the estimation of the impairment loss for investments in an associate, subsidiaries and other long-term investment.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information in the annual report, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and the management of the Company.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with TFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wonlop Vilaivaravit
Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)
Registration No. 6797

BANGKOK February 27, 2019

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Notes	Consoli	dated	Separate		
		financial sta	tements	financial sta	atements	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	6	553,101,916	214,737,447	350,587,507	73,786,226	
Restricted deposits at a financial institution	7	5,880,826	6,004,972	-	-	
Temporary investments	8	26,695,015	165,117,021	26,695,015	165,117,021	
Trade and other receivables	9	175,861,298	168,407,609	15,395,128	6,543,542	
Short-term loans to subsidiaries	36.3	-	-	186,100,000	184,000,000	
Unbilled contract revenues	10	82,049,583	342,014,914	-	-	
Prepayment for construction	10	69,814,714	243,494,174	-	-	
Construction in progress		74,781	4,369,150	-	-	
Inventories	11	9,855,795	9,763,217	-	-	
Value-added tax		29,946,562	26,500,284	91,940	-	
Prepaid land rental		-	6,790,775	-	-	
Refundable deposits within one year		7,835,116	887,037	-	-	
Refundable deposits for investing						
in other companies	12	-	-	-	-	
Other current assets		2,638,466	-	2,204,308	-	
Total current assets	-	963,754,072	1,188,086,600	581,073,898	429,446,789	
Non-current assets						
Restricted deposits at a financial institution	7	69,426,903	28,893,348	-	-	
Investment in an associate	13	-	-	-	-	
Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	470,360,756	548,298,275	
Other long-term investment	15	-	-	-	-	
Investment property	16	124,700,000	133,699,726	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment	17	344,862,874	420,985,156	54,221,977	60,424,787	
Other intangible assets		1,111,941	388,639	159,539	18,258	
Right of exploitation	18	-	1,661,997	-	-	
Prepaid long-term land rental		-	1,600,792	-	-	
Current tax assets		71,004,356	30,732,900	480,697	2,860,625	
Refundable withholding tax		30,806,877	13,868,466	2,860,625	-	
Deferred tax assets	19	-	9,683,077	-	-	
Other non-current assets		485,000	2,038,800	201,000	201,000	
Total non-current assets	-	642,397,951	643,552,901	528,284,594	611,802,945	
Total assets	-	1,606,152,023	1,831,639,501	1,109,358,492	1,041,249,734	

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018

					UNIT : BAHT
	Notes	Consoli		Separ	
		financial sta		financial st	
		2018	2017	2018	2017
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings from a financial institution	20	-	30,000,000	-	-
Trade and other payables	21	248,411,033	253,706,938	18,245,059	5,605,128
Retention payables		105,287,540	9,042,217	-	-
Unearned revenue from construction services	10	128,446,602	297,564,344	-	-
Unbilled payables	10	66,139,119	264,748,586	-	-
Current portion of liabilities under					
finance lease agreements	22	10,324,635	29,113,351	370,191	733,711
Value-added tax		177,903	2,458,156	-	583,515
Accrued income tax		-	34,676	-	-
Withholding tax payable		7,260,737	3,701,869	1,163,200	157,122
Other current liabilities	_	3,127,967	11,250		
Total current liabilities	-	569,175,536	890,381,387	19,778,450	7,079,476
Non-current liabilities					
Liabilities under finance lease agreements	22	14,130,445	5,603,749	592,824	1,052,128
Deferred tax liabilities	19	30,638,620	25,110,271	-	-
Provision for employee benefit	23	7,596,089	3,710,598	3,044,434	1,109,095
Provision for cost of dismantling	24	1,255,065	9,724,090	1,255,065	1,255,065
Other non-current liabilities		-	2,300,000	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	-	53,620,219	46,448,708	4,892,323	3,416,288
Total liabilities	-	622,795,755	936,830,095	24,670,773	10,495,764
Shareholders' equity	-				
Share capital	25				
Authorized share capital					
9,690,294,088 ordinary shares of Baht 0.10 each		969,029,409		969,029,409	
8,033,578,407 ordinary shares of Baht 0.10 each	=		803,357,841		803,357,841
Issued and paid-up share capital					
8,033,578,407 ordinary shares of					
Baht 0.10 each, fully paid		803,357,841	803,357,841	803,357,841	803,357,841
Share premium	25	236,854,830	548,392,949	236,854,830	548,392,949
Surplus arising from change in ownership	20	220,02 1,020	2 .0,2,2,2 .,	250,051,050	2.0,2,2,5.5
interest in subsidiaries		48,306,028	79,109,071	_	_
Warrants		1,829,026	-	1,829,026	_
Retained earnings (deficits)		1,029,020		1,027,020	
Appropriated					
Legal reserve		2,810,366		2,810,366	
Unappropriated		(73,841,453)	(528,051,835)	51,535,509	(311,538,119)
Other components of equity		(11,699,853)	(9,458,701)	(11,699,853)	(9,458,701)
Total shareholders' equity attributable	-	(11,099,833)	(9,436,701)	(11,099,833)	(9,436,701)
to owners of the Company		1,007,616,785	893,349,325	1,084,687,719	1,030,753,970
Non-controlling interests				1,004,007,719	1,030,733,970
Total shareholders' equity	-	(24,260,517) 983,356,268	1,460,081 894,809,406	1,084,687,719	1,030,753,970
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	-	1,606,152,023	1,831,639,501	1,109,358,492	1,030,733,970
Total natifices and sharenoiders equity	=	1,000,132,023	1,031,039,301	1,107,330,494	1,041,249,734

TRITON HOLDING PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Notes	Consoli	dated	Separate		
		financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues						
Revenues from construction service	10	2,273,376,232	854,669,136	-	-	
Gain from sales of subsidiaries	14	103,035,966	-	108,642,662	-	
Other income	28	48,920,676	11,855,714	30,620,073	33,233,705	
Total revenues		2,425,332,874	866,524,850	139,262,735	33,233,705	
Expenses						
Cost of construction services	10	2,119,015,174	801,200,259	-	-	
Idle cost on a particular contract	38	37,686,426	49,578,949	-	-	
Administrative expenses		119,412,265	91,560,009	60,773,266	46,960,789	
Loss from sales of temporary invesments		21,892,658	-	21,892,658	-	
Reversal of doubtful debts		(72,897)	(2,945,037)	-	(131,382,819)	
Other losses	31	-	-	295,692	139,620,000	
Finance costs	32	4,432,186	4,095,782	93,796	134,285	
Total expenses		2,302,365,812	943,489,962	83,055,412	55,332,255	
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		122,967,062	(76,965,112)	56,207,323	(22,098,550)	
ncome tax expense	33	6,295,999	7,887,699	-	-	
Profit (loss) for the years from continuing operation		116,671,063	(84,852,811)	56,207,323	(22,098,550)	
Profit for the year from discontinued operation	34	37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703	
Profit (loss) for the years		154,335,691	(48,162,937)	56,207,323	(16,197,847)	
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Components of other comprehensive income						
that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Loss on remeasuring investments held as						
available for sale		(2,241,152)	(9,458,701)	(2,241,152)	(9,458,701)	
Total components of other comprehensive income						
that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(2,241,152)	(9,458,701)	(2,241,152)	(9,458,701)	
Components of other comprehensive income						
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	23	(3,630,839)	-	(1,861,448)	-	
Income tax relating to components of income that						
will not be reclassified to profit or loss		353,878	-	-	-	
Cotal components of other comprehensive income						
that will be not reclassified to profit or loss		(3,276,961)	_	(1,861,448)	-	
Other comprehensive loss						
for the years - net tax		(5,518,113)	(9,458,701)	(4,102,600)	(9,458,701)	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the years		148,817,578	(57,621,638)	52,104,723	(25,656,548)	

TRITON HOLDING PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Notes	Consolie	dated	Separ	ate	
		financial sta	tements	financial sta	atements	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
Profit (loss) attributable to:						
Owners of the Company from continuing operation		110,990,639	(75,499,801)	56,207,323	(22,098,550)	
Owners of the Company from discontinued operation		37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703	
		148,655,267	(38,809,927)	56,207,323	(16,197,847)	
Non-controlling interests		5,680,424	(9,353,010)	-	-	
		154,335,691	(48,162,937)	56,207,323	(16,197,847)	
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:						
Owners of the Company from continuing operation		105,576,849	(84,958,502)	52,104,723	(31,557,251)	
Owners of the Company from discontinued operation		37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703	
		143,241,477	(48,268,628)	52,104,723	(25,656,548)	
Non-controlling interests		5,576,101	(9,353,010)	-	-	
		148,817,578	(57,621,638)	52,104,723	(25,656,548)	
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht per share)						
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing operation	35.1	0.0138	(0.0094)	0.0070	(0.0028)	
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operation		0.0047	0.0046	-	0.0007	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (Baht per share)						
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing operation	35.2	0.0131	(0.0094)	0.0067	(0.0028)	
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operation		0.0045	0.0046	-	0.0007	

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Notes	Issued and paid-up share capital	Share premium	Surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries	Warrants	Retained earni Appropriated Legal reserve	ngs (deficits) Unappropriated	Other components of equity Changes in fair value of available-for- sale securities	Total shareholders' equity attributable to owners of the Company	Non-controlling interests	Total shareholders' equity
Opening balance as at January 1, 2017		803,357,841	548,392,949	79,109,071	-	-	(489,241,908)	-	941,617,953	10,813,091	952,431,044
Other comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(38,809,927)	(9,458,701)	(48,268,628)	(9,353,010)	(57,621,638)
Closing balance as at December 31, 2017		803,357,841	548,392,949	79,109,071	-	-	(528,051,835)	(9,458,701)	893,349,325	1,460,081	894,809,406
Opening balance as at January 1, 2018		803,357,841	548,392,949	79,109,071	-	-	(528,051,835)	(9,458,701)	893,349,325	1,460,081	894,809,406
Surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries	14	-	-	(8,214,775)	-	-	-	-	(8,214,775)	(31,294,924)	(39,509,699)
Warrants	25.2	-	-	-	1,829,026	-	-	-	1,829,026	-	1,829,026
Transfer to deficits	25.3	-	(311,538,119)	-	-	-	311,538,119	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve	26	-	-	-	-	2,810,366	(2,810,366)	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest decrease from sale investment in a subsidiaries	14	-	-	(22,588,268)	-	-	-	-	(22,588,268)	(1,775)	(22,590,043)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	145,482,629	(2,241,152)	143,241,477	5,576,101	148,817,578
Closing balance as at December 31, 2018		803,357,841	236,854,830	48,306,028	1,829,026	2,810,366	(73,841,453)	(11,699,853)	1,007,616,785	(24,260,517)	983,356,268
							-				

TRITON HOLDING PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

							Other components	
					Retained earnings (deficits)		of equity	
							Changes in	
		Issued and					fair value of	Total
		paid-up	Share		Appropriated		available-for-sale	shareholders'
	Notes	share capital	premium	Warrants	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	securities	equity
Opening balance as at January 1, 2017		803,357,841	548,392,949	-	-	(295,340,272)	-	1,056,410,518
Other comprehensive loss for the year				-		(16,197,847)	(9,458,701)	(25,656,548)
Closing balance as at December 31, 2017		803,357,841	548,392,949	-	-	(311,538,119)	(9,458,701)	1,030,753,970
Opening balance as at January 1, 2018		803,357,841	548,392,949	-	-	(311,538,119)	(9,458,701)	1,030,753,970
Warrants	25.2	-	-	1,829,026	-	-	-	1,829,026
Transfer to deficits	25.3	-	(311,538,119)	-	-	311,538,119	-	-
Legal reserve	26	-	-	-	2,810,366	(2,810,366)	-	-
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year				-	-	54,345,875	(2,241,152)	52,104,723
Closing balance as at December 31, 2018		803,357,841	236,854,830	1,829,026	2,810,366	51,535,509	(11,699,853)	1,084,687,719

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial sta		financial statements 2018 2017		
Cash flows from operating activities	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Continuing operations					
Profit (loss) before income tax	122,967,062	(76,965,113)	56,207,323	(22,098,550)	
Adjustments:	122,707,002	(70,703,113)	30,207,323	(22,076,330)	
Depreciation	54,240,217	56,773,571	7,050,834	7,872,271	
Amortization	1,074,151	686,645	858,266	626,977	
Reversal of bad debt and doubtful account	(72,897)	(2,945,037)	-	(131,382,819)	
Gain on disposal of equipment	(4,350,899)	(2,943,037)	(1,542,846)	(37)	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-	(1,342,640)	(37)	
Loss on write-off equipment	7,046,794	-		-	
Reversal from impairment of asset	(2,645,680)	-	(848,947)	120 (20 000	
Loss from impairment of investments in subsidiaries	2 262 848	(155.267)	295,692	139,620,000	
Employee benefit expenses	2,363,848	(155,367)	847,755	603,471	
Loss from sale of temporary investments	21,892,658	7,250	21,892,658	7,250	
Unrealized profit (loss) on change in value of temporary investments	2,241,152	(748,697)	(100,640,660)	(748,697)	
Gain from sales of subsidiaries	(103,035,966)	(1.656.050)	(108,642,662)	(1.656.050)	
Dividend income	(1,299,214)	(1,656,950)	(1,299,214)	(1,656,950)	
Interest income	(2,750,008)	(3,152,147)	(11,876,156)	(11,314,127)	
Expense warrant (ESOP) Finance costs	1,829,026 4,432,186	4,095,782	1,266,249 93,796	134,285	
Timule Costs	103,932,430	(24,060,063)	(35,697,252)	(18,336,926)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Trade and other receivables	(30,022,846)	(42,694,062)	749,214	66,900,976	
Unbilled contract revenue	259,965,331	(341,793,134)	-	-	
Construction in progress	4,294,369	(4,369,150)	-	-	
Prepayment for construction	173,679,460	(243,494,174)	-	-	
Inventories	(92,578)	(1,033,146)	-	-	
Value-added tax	(5,726,531)	(14,320,695)	(675,455)	-	
Prepaid land rental	8,391,567	594,278	-	312,000	
Deposits	(6,948,079)	(353,965)	-	-	
Deposit for conventional satellite	-	13,136,134	-	-	
Other current assets	(2,550,437)	-	-	-	
Other non-current assets	-	469,353	-	-	
Trade and other payables	9,307,437	156,595,837	2,279,414	(9,200,065)	
Retention payables	105,287,540	-	-	-	
Unearned revenue from construction services	(169,117,742)	296,645,669	-	-	
Unbilled payables	(198,609,467)	264,748,586	-	-	
Value-added tax	-	-	-	(44,407)	
Withholding tax payable	3,558,868	406,942	1,006,078	(900,122)	
Other current liabilities	2,316,717	11,250	-	- '	
Other non-current liabilities	-	1,813,800	-	-	
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities before					
interest income received and income tax paid	257,666,039	62,303,460	(32,338,001)	38,731,456	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Consolid		Sepa	
	financial sta 2018	2017	financial s 2018	2017
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities before				
interest income received and income tax paid (continued)				
Employee benefit paid	(1,042,056)	(744,865)	(773,864)	(120,865)
Interest income received	2,750,008	3,152,147	2,275,356	11,225,558
Finance costs paid	(4,432,186)	(7,662,405)	(93,796)	(134,285)
Income tax paid	(71,452,804)	(24,510,249)	(480,697)	(1,959,230)
Proceeds from tax refund	-	5,827,840	-	4,740,366
Discontinued operations	65,415,123	4,746,244	-	5,900,703
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	248,904,124	43,112,172	(31,411,002)	58,383,703
Cash flows from investing activities				
Continuing operations				
Cash paid for short-term loan to subsidiaries	-	-	(2,100,000)	(128,000,000)
Cash received from short-term loan to subsidiaries	-	-	-	231,699,250
Increase in restricted deposits at financial institutions	(42,082,463)	(3,129,709)	-	-
Cash paid for purchase of temporary investments	(318,484,927)	(484,276,206)	(318,484,927)	(484,276,206)
Cash paid for purchase of debentures	(29,677,257)	(387,442,141)	(29,677,257)	(387,442,141)
Proceeds from sale of temporary investments	351,561,407	399,995,452	351,561,407	399,995,452
Proceeds from sale of debentures	110,888,973	297,888,620	110,888,973	297,888,620
Cash paid for additional shares in investments in subsidiaries	-	-	-	(146,320,000)
Cash paid for purchase of investments in subsidiaries	-	-	(30,509,700)	-
Proceeds from sales of investments in subsidiaries	225,496,600	-	225,496,600	-
Cash paid for purchase of plant and equipment	(6,508,380)	(8,979,597)	(2,061,300)	(3,121,503)
Cash receipts from disposal of equipment	8,988,024	17,611	2,772,697	21,994
Cash paid for purchase of other intangible assets	(984,955)	(193,500)	(150,600)	-
Cash received from dividend	1,299,214	1,656,950	1,299,214	1,656,950
Discontinued operations	(85,242,400)	4,410,828		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	215,253,836	(180,051,692)	309,035,107	(217,897,584)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Note	Consolid	ated	Sepa	rate	
		financial statements		financial statements		
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
Cash flows from financing activities						
Continuing operations						
Proceeds from bank over draft from a financial institution		(30,000,000)	30,000,000	-	-	
Cash paid for liabilities under financial lease		(33,693,749)	(28,464,666)	(822,824)	(694,194)	
Decreased in surplus arising from change in ownership interest						
in subsidiaries from divesment		(22,590,043)	-	-	-	
Cash paid for investments in subsidiaries		(39,509,699)	-	-	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	-	(125,793,491)	1,535,334	(822,824)	(694,194)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		338,364,469	(135,404,186)	276,801,281	(160,208,075)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning balance		214,737,447	350,141,633	73,786,226	233,994,301	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending balance	6	553,101,916	214,737,447	350,587,507	73,786,226	
Non-cash transactions and additional information:						
Other payables from purchase of plant and equipment		549,952	774,696	471,325	623,564	
Unrealized loss on change in fair value of a variable-for-sale-securities		11,699,853	9,458,701	11,699,853	9,458,701	

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1. COMPANY OPERATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Triton Holding Public Company Limited ("the Company") is incorporated as a limited company in Thailand on November 12, 1987 and subsequently converted to be a public company limited and listed on the Stock Exchanges of Thailand on June 21, 1994 and has its registered office at 60 Soi Praditmanutham 19, Praditmanutham Road, Kwang Ladprao, Khet Ladprao, Bangkok 10230.

For reporting purposes, the Company and its subsidiaries are referred to as "the Group".

The principal business operations of the Group are construction and engineering.

The principal business operations of the Company is investment holding.

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at December 31, included in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

			Percentage of	U
			2018	2017
Companies' name	Nature of business	Incorporated in	%	%
Direct subsidiaries				
Digital Right Pictures Public Company Limited*	Selling radio taps and radio compact disc	Thailand	100.00	100.00
Splash Media Public Company Limited***	Producer and rental services for billboard space and digital media	Thailand	-	99.99
Argyle Development Co., Ltd.	Land and building rental service	Thailand	100.00	100.00
Strega Public Company Limited	Construction of non-residential buildings	Thailand	92.63	84.21
Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd.**	Energy, alternative energy resource and mining business	Thailand	100.00	100.00
Live TV Co., Ltd.**	Television program producer and cable T.V. Provider	Thailand	93.32	84.21
Triton Power Co., Ltd. (Formerly named	Energy Business	Thailand	99.99	-
"Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd.")	Television program producer and cable T.V provider	Thailand	-	99.99
Triton Resources Co., Ltd. (Formerly named	Mine and construction material supply business	Thailand	99.99	-
"POP TV Co., Ltd.")	Television program producer and cable T.V provider	Thailand	-	99.99
Triton Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Electricity generation and provider	Thailand	51.00	-
Indirect subsidiaries				
Splash Estate Co., Ltd.	Construction of billboard	Thailand	-	99.99
Splash Studio Co., Ltd.**	Television streaming and studio rental services	Thailand	-	99.99
Lucent Energy Co., Ltd.*	Investment Holding	Thailand	92.63	84.21

^{*} Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development and under liquidation process

^{**} Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development

^{***} Sales of investments during 2018 (see Note 14)

Material intercompany transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated from this consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 have included the subsidiaries' financial information for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 which were audited.

The Company and its subsidiaries have extensive transactions and relationships with the related companies. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements may not necessarily be indicative of the conditions that would have existed or the results of operations that would have occurred had the Company and subsidiaries operated without such affiliation.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Statement of compliance

- (1) The Group's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Thai Accounting Standard ("TAS") No. 1 (Revised 2017) "Presentation of Financial Statements", which was effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 onwards, and the Regulation of The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) dated October 2, 2017, regarding "The preparation and submission of financial statements and reports for the financial position and results of operations of the listed companies B.E. 2560" and the Notification of the Department of Business Development regarding "The Brief Particulars in the Financial Statement (No. 2) B.E. 2559" dated October 11, 2016.
- (2) The Group maintains its accounting records in Thai Baht and prepares its statutory financial statements in the Thai language in conformity with Thai Financial Reporting Standards and accounting practices generally accepted in Thailand.
- (3) Thai Financial Reporting Standards affecting the presentation and disclosure in the current period financial statements

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised and new financial reporting standards and guidelines on accounting issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions which become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards, with most of the changes directed towards revision of wording and terminology, and provision of interpretations and accounting guidance to users of standards. The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements, except the following financial reporting standard:

Thai Accounting Standard No.7 (Revised 2017) "Statement of Cash Flows"

This revised accounting standard requires the disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. This accounting standard requires prospective method for such amendment.

(4) Thai Financial Reporting Standards announced in the Royal Gazette but not yet effective

Thai Financial Reporting Standards which will be effective for the financial statements with fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019

New Thai Financial Reporting Standards and Thai Financial Reporting Standard Interpretation

The Federation of Accounting Professions has issued the Notification regarding Thai Financial Reporting Standards and Thai Financial Reporting Standard Interpretation which have been announced in the Royal Gazette and will be effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2019 onwards.

Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

TFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Thai Financial Reporting Standard Interpretation ("TFRIC")

TFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

There is the key change to the core principle of TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", which introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition, as follows:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under TFRS 15, an entity recognizes revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied. TFRS 15 will supersede the Standards and Interpretations relating to revenue upon its effective date.

Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs) Revised 2018

The Federation of Accounting Professions has issued the Notification regarding Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs) Revised 2018 which have been announced in the Royal Gazette and will be effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2019 onwards. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards, with most of the changes directed towards revision of wording and terminology and reference to other TFRSs except following TFRSs, which there are revision or additional paragraph and accounting guidance.

Thai Accounting Standard No.28 (Revised 2018) "Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures" clarifies about the election of measurement an investment in an associate or a joint venture at fair value through profit or loss, and clarifies the consideration about the impairment of an investment in an associate or a joint venture. This accounting standard requires retrospective method for such amendment.

Thai Accounting Standard No.40 (Revised 2018) "Investment Property" clarifies about transfers of investment property to, or from, other accounts when, and only when, there is a change in use. This accounting standard requires prospective method for such amendment.

Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.2 (Revised 2018) "Share-based Payment" adds the requirements, which require prospective method for the amendment as follows:

- 1) The requirement about treatment of vesting and non-vesting for a cashsettled share-based payment transaction
- 2) The requirement about share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations
- 3) The requirement about accounting for a modification of a share-based payment transaction that changes its classification from cash-settled to equity-settled

Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.4 (Revised 2018) "Insurance Contracts" determines the option for insurance industry to temporarily exempt from applying Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.9 "Financial Instruments". An entity can elect to exempt from Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.9 "Financial Instruments" for annual periods beginning before January 1, 2022 or before Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts" is effective.

Thai Financial Reporting Standards which will be effective for the financial statements with fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2020

The Federation of Accounting Professions has issued the Notification regarding Thai Financial Reporting Standard Group of Financial Instruments which have been announced in the Royal Gazette and will be effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2020 onwards, as follows:

Thai Accounting Standards ("TAS")

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Thai Financial Reporting Standard Interpretations ("TFRIC")

TFRIC 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

TFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

These TFRSs make stipulations relating to the classification of financial instruments and their measurement at fair value or amortized cost; taking into account the type of instrument, the characteristics of the contractual cash flows and the Company's business model, the calculation of impairment using the expected credit loss method, and the concept of hedge accounting. These include stipulations regarding the presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. These TFRSs will supersede the Standards and Interpretations relating to the financial instruments upon its effective date.

The Group's management will adopt such TFRSs in the preparation of the Group's financial statements when they become effective. The Group's management is in the process to assess the impact of these TFRSs on the financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the measurement basis of historical cost except where otherwise stated.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Thai Baht. All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded to the nearest Baht unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Significant accounting policies

An English version of the consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared from the statutory financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

2.4.1 Group accounting - investments in subsidiaries and investment in an associate

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns though its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

If the business combination is achieving in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measured are recognized in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognized either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognize and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment.

A list of the Group's principal subsidiaries is set out in Note 14.

Transactions and non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in shareholders' equity.

Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in the profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognizes the amount adjacent to share of profit (loss) of associates in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

In the separate financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment.

2.4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months from acquisition date. In the consolidated and separate statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2.4.3 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at the original invoice amount and subsequently measured at the remaining amount less any allowance for doubtful accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year-end. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the amount expected to be collectible. Bad debts are written-off during the year in which they are identified and recognized in profit or loss within selling and service costs.

2.4.4 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out method. The cost of purchase comprises both the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the inventory, such as import duties and transportation charge, less all attributable discounts. Allowance is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving, defective and excessive inventories.

2.4.5 Construction contracts

Revenues from construction contract

Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income using the percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is assessed by completion of a physical proportion of the contracts work.

When the outcome of a service contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue contract is recognized only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probably will be recoverable.

Contract loss

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss on a contract is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Unbilled construction revenues and unearned construction revenues

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the profit or loss recognized on each contract is compared with the progress billings up to the year end.

Where the costs incurred and the recognized profit or loss on each contract exceeds the progress billings, the exceeding amount is presented as an asset in account of unbilled construction revenues.

Where progress billings exceed costs incurred together with recognized profits or losses, the exceeding amount is presented as a liability in account of unearned construction revenues.

Work in progress

Costs that relate to future activity on the contract are recognized as work in progress provided it is probable that they will be recovered.

2.4.6 Investments

Temporary investment

Trading and available-for-sale securities are presented at fair value. The fair value of equity securities which is publicly traded securities is measured at the last bidding price of the last operating day of the year of the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

Held-to-maturity securities are stated at amortized cost.

Gain or loss on the change in fair value of trading securities is recognized as unrealized gains or losses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Gain or loss on the change in fair value of available-for-sale securities is recognized as an item in other components of equity. In case impairment in value of investment has occurred, the resultant loss of investment is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability which market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis.

Other long-term investment

Other long-term investment is equity securities which is no marketable security are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.4.7 Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property also includes property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Land held under operating leases is classified and accounted for by the Group as investment property when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it were a finance lease.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and borrowing costs. Borrowing costs are incurred for the purpose of acquiring, constructing or producing a qualifying investment property are capitalized as part of its cost. Borrowing costs are capitalized while acquisition or construction is actively underway and cease once the asset is substantially complete, or suspended if the development of the asset is suspended. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized from current leases.

The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflows that could be expected in respect of the property. Some of those outflows are recognized as a liability, including finance lease liabilities in respect of leasehold land classified as investment property; others, including contingent rent payments, are not recognized in the financial statements.

The fair value of investment property does not reflect future capital expenditure that will improve or enhance the property and does not reflect the related future benefits from this future expenditure other than those that a rational market participant would take into account when determining the value of the property.

The Group derecognized investment properties either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal.

Where the Group disposes of a property at fair value in an arm's length transaction, the carrying value immediately prior to the sale is adjusted to the transaction price, and the adjustment is recorded in profit or loss within net gain from fair value adjustment on investment property.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other investment properties is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 20 years

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

2.4.8 Property, plant and equipment

Land is stated at historical cost.

Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment of assets. Initial cost included other direct cost related to assets acquisition.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes (after deducting trade discounts and rebates) and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. These can include the initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item, and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on plant and equipment are calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	Duration of rental agreement and 20 Years
Billboards	
- Before January 1, 2013	5 Years
- Between January 1, 2013	10 Years
until December 31, 2013	
- Since January 1, 2014 onward	Duration of land rental agreement
Electronic Media	Duration of rental agreement
On-air and production equipment	5 - 10 Years
Office equipment	3 - 5 Years
Utilities system	Duration of land rental agreement and 5 Years
Vehicles	5 and 10 Years
Machinery	5 and 15 Years
Tools and equipment	5 Years

The assets' useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the net book value amount and are recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.4.9 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liability of the acquired subsidiary undertaking at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is separately reported in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segment.

2.4.10 Other intangible assets

Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalized as an intangible on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

2.4.11 Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.4.12 Lease agreements

Operating Lease

Lease agreements in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals applicable to such operating leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income using the straight-line over the lease term.

Finance Lease

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

At inception, the fair value of the leased assets is recorded together with the obligation. The leased assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives and depreciation is recognized as expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Interest which is calculated by effective interest rate or finance cost is recognized as expense the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.4.13 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at the fair value of consideration received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective yield method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent that there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of reporting date.

2.4.14 Income tax expense

Income tax expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The current tax liability is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit (tax base). Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those temporary differences can be utilized. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Deferred tax asset shall be reduced to the extent that utilized taxable profits decreased. Any such reduction shall be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow total or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

2.4.15 Employee Benefits

The Group has both defined contribution and defined benefit plans. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Typically defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

Post-employment benefits

- Defined contribution plans

The Group has set up a provident fund, being a defined contribution plan, of which the assets are held in a separate trust fund and managed by fund manager. The provident fund is funded by payments from employees and by the Group. The Group's contributions to the provident fund are charged to profit and loss in the years to which they relate. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

- Defined benefit plans

Under the Labor Law applicable in Thailand and the Group's employment policy, all employees completing 120 days of service are entitled to severance pay on termination or retrenchment without cause or upon retirement at age 60. The severance pay will be at the rate according to number of years of service as stipulated in the Labor Law which is currently at rate of 300 days of final salary and may be supplemented based on management's judgment.

The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized past-service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yield of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changed in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Past-service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the changes to the pension plan are conditional on the employees remaining in service for a specified period of time (the vesting period). In this case, the past-service costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Share-based payment

Equity-settled share-based payments to executives and employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The fair value of the equity instrument are measured by using a Binomial model, which included financial assumption such as grant date share price, exercise price warrant, expected volatility, the expected period that shareholders will completely use their right on warrant, expected dividend yield, risk free interest rate.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity instrument is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding in related shareholder's equity.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimation of the number of expected vest equity instruments. If the subsequent information indicates that the number of equity instruments that are expected vest equity instruments differs from previous estimates. Change in value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and adjusted to related shareholder's equity.

2.4.16 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognized when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

2.4.17 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as shareholders' equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.4.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and service in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts, and after eliminating services within the Group. Revenue from rendering services is based on the stage of completion determined by reference to services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed.

The Group recognizes revenues as follows:

- Revenues from space rental, advertising space rental, service income and management fees are recognized in accordance with accrual basis as stipulated in the agreements.
- Revenues from media production are recognized when media production is delivered and titles are passed to the buyer.
- Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking account of the principal outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity when it is determined that such income will accrue to the Group.
- Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive payment is established.
- Revenue from construction in recognized based on the stage of completion see accounting policy on construction contracts in Note 2.4.5.

2.4.19 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies incurred during the year are translated into Baht at the exchange rate on the transactions dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statement of financial position date are translated into Baht at the reference exchange rates established by the Bank of Thailand on that date.

Gains or losses on foreign exchange rate arising on settlements and translation are recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.4.20 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.4.21 Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense from borrowings and liabilities under finance lease and hire purchase agreements and similar costs are charged to profit or loss for the year in which they are incurred.

2.4.22 Earnings (losses) per share

Basic earnings (losses) per share are calculated by dividing net profit (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares held by third parties during the year. In case of a capital increase, the number of ordinary shares is weighted according to time of subscriptions received. In case of a capital decrease, the number of ordinary shares is weighted according to time of registration of capital reduction. Diluted earnings (losses) per share are calculated from weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed that dilutive ordinary shares equivalents are totally converted to ordinary shares.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the finance department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The finance department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The finance department provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment excess liquidity.

3.1.1 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market foreign exchange rate.

The Group has no significant exposure to foreign exchange risk due to there are no significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency. As a result, the Group considers that it is not necessary to use derivative financial instruments to hedge such risk since management believes that future movements in market foreign exchange will not materially affect the Group's operating results.

3.1.2 Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. All interest rate derivative transactions are subject to approval by the Finance Director before execution. The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets.

3.1.3 Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. Derivative counterparties and cash transactions are limited to high credit quality financial institutions. The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to each financial institution.

3.1.4 Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities, and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group Treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

3.2 Fair value estimation

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorized in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirely in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The following table presents analysis the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value the different level of information as at December 31, is as below;

Financial assets		Consolidated financial Statements Fair value 2018 2017		Separate financial Statements Fair value 2018 2017		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
		Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
1.	Short-term investments in trading securities - equity securities	-	41,400,000	-	41,400,000	Level 1	Bid prices at the Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last business day of the period
2.		26,695,015	34,163,500	26,695,015	34,163,500	Level 1	Bid prices at the Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last business day of the period
3.	Investment property	128,000,000	138,400,000	-	-	Level 2	Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Market approach
4.	Investment property	-	6,000,000	-	-	Level 3	Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Income approach

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

Fair values of short-term investments in debt securities in the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2017 is not significantly different from the carrying values (As at December 31, 2018 : Nil).

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates and other long-term investment

The investments in subsidiaries, associate and other long-term investment are reported using the cost method in the separate financial statements. An impairment was recognized as the cost of the investments in subsidiaries, associate and other long-term investment exceeded the recoverable amount, which was determined by the value in use. Management made an assessment by considering from past performance, external factors that may affect the business operations, and produced and reviewed financial forecast and expected future cash inflow.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets come from the estimation of some temporary difference effects which is probable to utilise tax benefit. Management's estimation comes from an assumption based on an available future income and any factors or external exposures which might affect the projected future performance. The Group also considered the utilization of the past tax losses and assessed the estimation on a conservative basis.

Provision for employee benefit

The present value of the provision for employee benefit depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for employee benefits include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will have an impact on the carrying amount of provision for employee benefit.

The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle provision for employee benefit. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Group considers the market yield of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related employee benefit liability.

Additional information of other key assumptions for provision for employee benefit other is disclosed in Note 23.

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, and issue new shares of sell assets to reduce debt.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as at December 31, are as follows:

	Consol financial s	lidated statements	Separ financial st	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cash on hand Cash at banks - current accounts Cash at banks - savings accounts	148,821	160,105	3,183	14,000
	321,888,657	148,059,812	229,249,547	35,269,343
	229,777,536	62,283,953	121,334,777	38,502,883
Cash at banks - fixed accounts	1,286,902 553,101,916	4,233,577 214,737,447	350,587,507	73,786,226

As at December 31, 2018, cash at banks carry interest at the rates of 0.10% - 1.10% per annum (As at December 31, 2017 : 0.37% - 1.10% per annum).

7. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AT A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

As at December 31, 2018, the Group held current restricted deposits at a financial institution represent savings deposits in amount of Baht 5.88 million (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 6.00 million) with interest at the rate 0.38% per annum (As at December 31, 2017: 0.37% per annum). The restricted deposits are used as collateral against to guarantee a construction contract performance which are due with in one year (Separate financial statements: Nil).

As at December 31, 2018, the Group held restricted deposits at a financial institution representing savings deposits and fixed deposits amount of Baht 69.43 million with interest rate of 0.38% per annum to 1.10% per annum (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 28.89 million with interest rate of 0.37% per annum to 1.10% per annum). Such savings deposits are used as collateral against to guarantee bank overdrafts. Such fixed deposits are used as collateral against letter of guarantee for rental (Separate financial statements: Nil).

8. TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

Temporary investments as at December 31, are as follows:

	Consolidated and Separate financial statements		
	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	
Short-term investments in trading securities			
- equity securities	-	41,400,000	
Short-term investments in available-for-sale			
securities - equity securities	26,695,015	34,163,500	
Short-term investments in			
held-to-maturity securities maturity			
within 1 year		89,553,521	
	26,695,015	165,117,021	

Additional details of short-term investments in trading securities as at December 31, 2017 consist of the following (As at December 31, 2018 : Nil):

	Consolidated and Separate financial statements					
	Cost 2017	Unrealized gross profit	Unrealized gross loss	Fair value 2017		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Trading securities						
Equity securities						
- Ordinary shares	40,651,303	748,697		41,400,000		
	40,651,303	748,697	-	41,400,000		

Additional details of short-term investments in available-for-sale securities as at December 31, consist of the following:

	Consolid	ated and Separate financial statements					
	Cost 2018 Baht	Unrealized gross profit Baht	Unrealized gross loss Baht	Fair value 2018 Baht			
Available-for-sale securities	Dant	Dant	Dani	Dani			
Equity securities							
- Ordinary shares	38,394,868	-	(11,699,853)	26,695,015			
•	38,394,868		(11,699,853)	26,695,015			
	Consolid	ated and Separa	nte financial state	ements			
	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair value			
	2017	gross profit	gross loss	2017			
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht			
Available-for-sale securities							
Equity securities							
- Ordinary shares	43,622,201		(9,458,701)	34,163,500			
	43,622,201		(9,458,701)	34.163.500			

Additional details of short-term investments in held-to-maturity securities maturity within 1 year as at December 31, 2017 consist of the following (As at December 31, 2018 : Nil):

	Consolid	Consolidated and Separate financial statements				
	Amortized cost 2017 Baht	Unrealized gross profit Baht	Unrealized gross loss Baht	Fair value 2017 Baht		
Held-to-maturity securities						
- Equity linked notes*	89,553,521			89,553,521		
	89,553,521			89,553,521		

^{*} As at December 31, 2017, the Company has short-term investments in debt securities maturity within 1 year which are equity linked notes which their maturity dates within 1 month. The Company has right of settlement method of such equity linked notes to settle to referenced marketable ordinary shares or principal with interest which stated in the contract. However, as the settlement date in January 2018, the Company selected to receive principal with interest.

Purchases and sales transaction of short-term investments in trading securities

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company purchased short-term investments in trading securities of Baht 261.75 million and sold short-term investments in trading securities of Baht 307.63 million (For the year ended December 31, 2017 : Baht 339.52 million and Baht 302.56 million, respectively).

Purchases and sales transaction of short-term investments in available-for-sale securities

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company purchased short-term investments in available-for-sale securities of Baht 56.74 million and sold short-term investments in available-for-sale securities of Baht 43.93 million (For the year ended December 31, 2017 : Baht 144.76 million and Baht 97.43 million, respectively).

Purchases and sales transaction of short-term investments in held-to-maturity securities maturity within 1 year

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company purchased short-term investments in held-to-maturity securities maturity within 1 year of Baht 29.68 million and sold short-term investments in held-to-maturity securities maturity within 1 year of Baht 110.89 million (For the year ended December 31, 2017: Baht 387.44 million and Baht 297.89 million, respectively).

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables as at December 31, are as follows:

	financial statements financial s			statements		
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	2018 Baht	2017 Baht		
Trade receivables - other companies Less allowance for doubtful accounts	114,731,576 (38,000) 114,693,576	134,155,562 (1,305,157) 132,850,405	55,000 (38,000) 17,000	1,002,691 (38,000) 964,691		
Accrued income - other companies <u>Less</u> allowance for doubtful accounts	2,503,055 (2,503,055)	3,638,955 (2,763,055) 875,900	2,503,055 (2,503,055)	2,503,055 (2,503,055)		
Other receivables - other companies Less allowance for doubtful accounts	4,689,648	2,162,776 (516,399) 1,646,377	677,384	- - -		
Other receivables - related companies (see Note 36.2)	-	-	1,162,094	1,795,188		
Advance payment - other companies Less allowance for doubtful accounts	1,534,582 (153,846) 1,380,736	2,163,846 (2,153,846) 10,000	153,846 (153,846)	153,846 (153,846)		
Advance payment - related companies (see Note 36.2)	-	-	-	6,983		
Accrued interest income - related companies (see Note 36.2)	-	-	13,079,726	3,468,456		
Prepaid expenses - other companies Retention	6,106,362 48,990,976 175,861,298	8,870,001 24,154,926 168,407,609	458,924 - 15,395,128	308,224 - 6,543,542		
Reversal of doubtful account for the years ended December 31,	(72,897)	(2,945,037)	-	(131,382,819)		

Trade receivables classified by aging are as follows:

	Conso	lidated	Sepai	rate	
	financial	statements	financial st	atements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Trade receivables - other companies					
Current	106,924,987	79,285,102	-	-	
Overdue:					
Less than 3 months	7,768,582	50,989,906	17,000	8,130	
3 - 6 months	-	1,043,250	-	-	
6 - 12 months	-	549,980	-	-	
More than 12 months	38,007	2,287,324	38,000	994,561	
	114,731,576	134,155,562	55,000	1,002,691	

10. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURE FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Supplementary disclosure for construction contracts of a subsidiary company for years ended December 31, are as follows (Separate financial statements : Nil):

	Consolidated		
	financial statements		
	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	
Revenue from construction services			
recognized as revenues in the years	2,273,376,232	854,669,136	
Cost of construction services incurred			
recognized as expense in the years	(2,119,015,174)	(801,200,259)	
Recognized profit in the years	154,361,058	53,468,877	
Progress billings of cost of construction services			
incurred in the years	(2,139,743,390)	(794,078,214)	
Beginning balance of prepayment for construction			
services which not recognized to expenses	(243,494,174)	-	
Beginning balance of cost of construction services			
related to future activity recognized as assets	(14,132,367)	=	
Beginning balance of unbilled cost of construction services	264,748,586	-	
Ending balance of prepayment for construction			
services which not recognized to expenses	69,814,714	243,494,174	
Ending balance of cost of construction services			
related to future activity recognized as assets	9,930,576	14,132,367	
Ending balance of unbilled cost of construction services	(66,139,119)	(264,748,586)	
Cost of construction services incurred			
recognized as expenses in the years	(2,119,015,174)	(801,200,259)	
Progress billings of construction services	2,364,223,821	809,521,671	
Beginning balance of unbilled contract revenues for the years	(342,014,914)	(221,780)	
Beginning balance of unearned revenue from			
construction services for the years	297,564,344	918,675	
Ending balance of unbilled contract revenues for the years	82,049,583	342,014,914	
Ending balance of unearned revenue from			
construction services for the periods	(128,446,602)	(297,564,344)	
Revenue from construction services			
recognized as revenues in the years	2,273,376,232	854,669,136	

11. INVENTORIES

A subsidiary has inventories as at December 31, are as follows (Separate financial statements: Nil):

	Consoli financial st	
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht
Spare part	6,295,363	5,896,447
Supplies	3,798,758	4,192,078
Goods in transit	86,982	-
<u>Less</u> Allowance for obsolete inventories	(325,308)	(325,308)
	9,855,795	9,763,217

12. REFUNDABLE DEPOSIT FOR INVESTING IN OTHER COMPANIES

On April 7, 2016, Lucent Energy Co., Ltd. which is an indirect subsidiary has entered into share purchase of electricity generation companies agreement for 6 electricity generation companies with Sellers in the amount of Baht 683 million with condition precedent as specified in the agreement. The Sellers must transfer shares of such electricity generation companies to such indirect subsidiary within October 6, 2016. Such indirect subsidiary paid cash as a deposit in April 2016 totaling to Baht 120 million. The Sellers had pledged a number of shares of another 2 companies as collateral with such indirect subsidiary.

Consequently, on September 27, 2016, such indirect subsidiary and the Sellers made an addendum to extend period of transferring such shares of electricity generation companies for 120 days as the Seller asked. The Sellers must transfer shares of such electricity generation companies to such indirect subsidiary within specific date (February 6, 2017). The Seller had pledged a number of shares of other 2 companies as additional collateral with such indirect subsidiary.

On February 6, 2017, the Sellers could not transfer such shares of such electricity generation companies to such indirect subsidiary as the condition precedent specified in the agreement and the addendum. Such indirect subsidiary could call deposit back from the Sellers. If the Sellers cannot return deposit, the Seller has to comply with condition specified in the agreement.

During the year 2018, such indirect subsidiary has filed a petition with the Crime Suppression Division on the economic crimes ("ECD") for fraudulent allegations against 3 Sellers. On February 9, 2018, the investigator has issued a summons to the accused in order to acknowledge the such 3 Sellers and criminal record which are in the process of present the complaint to the court as a criminal case. However, during the period, such indirect subsidiary engaged an independent appraiser to assess the value of 4 electricity generation companies as collateral under the share purchase agreement and the addendum which is appraisal with limited information accessing which used discounted cash flow approach. The valuation of 3 electricity generation companies each is between of Baht 3.56 million to Baht 22.33 million and another company which is unassesable. Additionally, On July 4, 2018 the indirect subsidiary will request a plaintiff to claim a refund in the civil on November and December 2018, later on January 31, 2019 indirect subsidiary was on sue to Civil Court that demand to Seller for return cash amount Baht 120 millions including interest which the court has already accepted the order.

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, such an indirect subsidiary recorded an allowance for impairment of deposit in whole amount. Since such indirect subsidiary is in legal process to call deposit and force such shares as collateral from the Sellers and there is an uncertainty that such indirect subsidiary would receive such deposit back from the Sellers.

13. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

Investment in an associate as at December 31, comprises the following:

		Percent	tage of	Paid-up share capital		re capital Consolidated financial statements		Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statem	
		shareh	olding	(ordinar	y shares)	Equity	method	Cost method	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Nature of business	Incorporated in	%	%	Million Baht	Million Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Film importer for sale									
and film producer									
for sale	Thailand	40.00	40.00	100.00	100.00	-	-	19,500,489	19,500,489
								(19,500,489)	(19,500,489)
							<u>-</u>		-
	Film importer for sale and film producer	Film importer for sale and film producer	Shareho 2018 Nature of business Incorporated in % Film importer for sale and film producer	Nature of business Incorporated in % % Film importer for sale and film producer	shareholding (ordinar 2018 2017 2018 Nature of business Incorporated in % % Million Baht Film importer for sale and film producer	Shareholding (ordinary shares) 2018 2017 2018 2017 Nature of business Incorporated in % % Million Baht Film importer for sale and film producer	shareholding (ordinary shares) Equity 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 Nature of business Incorporated in % % Million Baht Million Baht Film importer for sale and film producer for sale Thailand 40.00 40.00 100.00 100.00	Shareholding (ordinary shares) Equity method 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017	Shareholding Cordinary shares Equity method Cost method Cost method 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018

14. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiaries as at December 31, comprises the following:

							Separate		
				ntage of	Paid-up share capital		financial statements		
			shareholding (ordinary shares)		Cost method				
			2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Companies' name	Nature of business	Incorporated in	%	%	Million Baht	Million Baht	Baht	Baht	
Direct Subsidiaries									
Digital Right Pictures Public Company Limited*	Selling radio taps and radio compact disc	Thailand	100.00	100.00	576.00	576.00	494,130,000	494,130,000	
Splash Media Public Company Limited***	Producer and rental services for billboard space								
	and digital media	Thailand	-	99.99	-	180.00	-	275,283,204	
Argyle Development Co., Ltd	Land and building rental service	Thailand	100.00	100.00	127.50	127.50	127,499,996	127,499,996	
Strega Public Company Limited	Construction of non-residential buildings	Thailand	92.63	84.21	190.00	190.00	335,651,060	295,088,283	
Thor Energy and Resource Co., Ltd.**	Energy, alternative energy resource and								
	mining business	Thailand	100.00	100.00	2.50	2.50	-	2,500,000	
Live TV Co., Ltd.**	Television program producer and cable T.V. provider	Thailand	93.32	93.32	228.32	228.32	-	213,070,000	
Triton Power Co., Ltd. (Formerly named	Energy Business	Thailand	99.99	-	32.00	-	31,999,700	-	
"Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd.")	Television program producer and cable T.V. provider	Thailand	-	99.99	-	32.00	-	31,999,700	
Triton Resources Co., Ltd. (Formerly named	Mine and construction material supply business	Thailand	99.99	-	42.00	-	41,999,700	-	
"POP TV Co., Ltd.")	Television program producer and cable T.V. provider	Thailand	-	99.99	-	42.00	-	41,999,700	
Triton Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Electricity generation and provider	Thailand	51.00	-	1.00	-	509,700	-	
Total						•	1,031,790,156	1,481,570,883	
Less Allowance for impairment							(561,429,400)	(933,272,608)	
						•	470,360,756	548,298,275	
						•			

Separate

^{*} Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development and under liquidation process

** Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development

*** Sales of investments during 2018 (see Note 14)

			Percentage of shareholding					Sepa financial se Cost m	tatements
			2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Companies' name	Nature of business	Incorporated in	%	%	Million Baht	Million Baht	Baht	Baht	
Indirect Subsidiaries									
Splash Estate Co., Ltd.	Construction of billboard	Thailand	-	99.99	-	113.00	-	113,000,000	
Splash Studio Co., Ltd.**	Television streaming and studio rental services	Thailand	-	99.99	-	5.00	-	4,999,700	
Lucent Energy Co., Ltd.	Investment Holding	Thailand	92.63	84.21	1.00	1.00	999,970	999,970	

^{**} Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development

Live TV Co., Ltd., POP TV Co., Ltd. and Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd.

On October 18, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the Group's restructuring plan. The Company will purchase ordinary share of POP TV Co., Ltd. and Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. from Splash Media Public Company Limited, and ordinary shares of Live TV Co., Ltd. from Agryle Development Co., Ltd. at net book value under the restructuring plan. Resulting to the Company will have percentage of shareholding in POP TV Co., Ltd., Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. and Live TV Co., Ltd. at 99.99%, 99.99% and 93.32%, respectively. The Company already completed such transactions during the year 2017.

On November 8, 2017, the extraordinary general meeting of POP TV Co., Ltd. No. 1/2560 passed a special resolution to increase in share capital of POP TV Co., Ltd. and call full of subscription from Baht 1,000,000 to Baht 42,000,000 by issuing 410,000 new ordinary shares at Baht 100 per share totaling Baht of 41,000,000. The Company paid all subscriptions for such share capital increase during the year 2017.

On November 8, 2017, the extraordinary general meeting of Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. No. 1/2560 passed a special resolution to increase in share capital of Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. and call full of subscription from Baht 1,000,000 to Baht 32,000,000 by issuing 310,000 new ordinary shares at Baht 100 per share totaling Baht of 31,000,000. The Company paid all subscriptions for such share capital increase during the year 2017.

On December 13, 2017, the extraordinary general meeting of Live TV Co., Ltd. No. 2/2560 passed a special resolution to increase in share capital of Live TV Co., Ltd. and call full of subscription from Baht 154,000,000 to Baht 228,320,000 by issuing 743,200 new ordinary shares at Baht 100 per share totaling Baht of 74,320,000. The Company paid all subscriptions for such share capital increase during the year 2017.

Live TV Co., Ltd., Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd.

On March 15, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company passed a resolution on dissolution plan for Live TV Co., Ltd., Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd. which are the companies in the Group to decrease expenses occurred from such companies. Subsequently, on April 2, 2018, at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of 2018 of Live TV Co., Ltd., Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd., the shareholders passed a special resolution to dissolve. These companies have already been dissolved and the memorandum of association of each company has been amended with Department of Business Development on April 17, 2018.

Therefore, the Company has classified investments in these subsidiaries Live TV Co., Ltd. by Baht 213,070,000 which had been set up allowance for impairment by Baht 213,070,000 and Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd. by Baht 2,500,000 to assets as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners which presented as other current assets by Baht 2,500,000 in the separate financial statements as at December 31, 2018. The Group has classified assets and liabilities of Live TV Co., Ltd., Thor Energy and Resources Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd. to assets as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners which presented as other current assets and other current liabilities by Baht 4,862,365 and Baht 3,268,967, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

Strega Public Company Limited

On July 24, 2018, the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 9/2018 passed a resolution to increase the proportion of investment in Strega Public Company Limited which is an direct subsidiary by purchasing 80,000,000 ordinary shares at the par value of Baht 0.10 per share, at the price of Baht 0.25 per share or representing 4.21% of the paid-up share capital with totalling of Baht 20,000,000. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interest in Strega Public Company Limited on the date of purchasing was Baht 13,390,618. The Group has recorded the difference in surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries of Baht 6,609,382.

On October 26, 2018, the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 13/2018 passed a resolution to increase the proportion of investment in Strega Public Company Limited which is an direct subsidiary by purchasing 80,000,000 ordinary shares at the par value of Baht 0.10 per share, at the price of Baht 0.25 per share or representing 4.21% of the paid-up share capital with totalling of Baht 20,000,000. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interest in Strega Public Company Limited on the date of purchasing was Baht 18,394,607. The Group has recorded the difference in surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries of Baht 1,605,393.

As at December 31, 2018, the Company holds 1,759,999,986 ordinary shares or the percentage of shareholding is 92.63% of paid-up share capital. The Group has recorded the difference in surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries of 8,214,755 as "shareholders' equity" in the consolidated financial statements.

Triton Green Energy Company Limited

On October 26, 2018, the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 13/2018 had passed resolutions approved to establish a new subsidiary named Triton Green Energy Company Limited ("TGE") through joint venture with the Company holding 5,097 ordinary shares at the par value of 100 Baht per share, or representing 51.00% of the authorized share capital and Mercury Global International Company Limited ("MGI"), incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which shall hold 4,900 ordinary shares at the par value of 100 Baht per share, or representing 49.00% of the authorized share capital. Triton Green Energy Company Limited ("TGE") has business objective for waste management, generate electricity from clean energy or pure energy. Such company has registered with Ministry of Commerce on December 17, 2018.

POP TV Co., Ltd. and Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd.

On October 29, 2018, the Extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2561 of POP TV Co., Ltd. passed a special resolution to change its name from POP TV Co., Ltd. to "Triton Resources Co., Ltd." and changed its business objective from media and publishing business to mine and construction material supply business. Such company has already amended the Memorandum of Association with Department of Business Development on November 7, 2018.

On October 29, 2018, the Extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2561 of Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. passed a special resolution to change its name from Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd. to "Triton Power Co., Ltd." and change its business objective from media and publishing business to energy business. Such company has already amended the Memorandum of Association with Department of Business Development on November 7, 2018.

Splash Media Public Company Limited, Splash Estate Co., Ltd., and Splash Studio Co., Ltd.

On November 20, 2018, the Executive Committee Meeting of the Company No. 11/2018 passed a resolution to sell ordinary shares of Splash Media Public Company Limited by 179,997,900 shares at the par value of Baht 1.00 per share, or representing 99.99% of paid-up share capital. On December 26, 2018, the Company received subscriptions for sales of ordinary shares totaling of Baht 225,152,658. The Company reversed recorded allowance for impairment in investments totaling of Baht 158,773,208 by realized gain from sales of investments in subsidiaries totaling of Baht 108,642,662 in statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the Company reversed surplus arising from change in ownership interest in subsidiaries of Baht 22,588,268 in statements of changes in shareholders' equity. Consequently, Splash Media Public Company Limited is no longer a subsidiary and Splash Estate Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd. are no longer indirect subsidiaries at that date.

Summarized consolidated financial information on subsidiaries with material noncontrolling interests

Set out below are the summarized consolidated financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the Group.

Summarized consolidated statement of financial position

	Strega	Strega Public				
	Company Limited and its subsidiary					
As at December 31,	2018	2017				
	Baht	Baht				
Current						
Assets	571,516,067	876,190,405				
Liabilities	(741,541,526)	(1,054,137,669)				
Total net current assets	(170,025,459)	(177,947,264)				
Non-current						
Assets	435,165,911	345,301,676				
Liabilities	(48,727,896)	(31,196,255)				
Total net non-current assets	386,438,015	314,105,421				
Net assets	216,412,556	136,158,157				

Summarized consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Strega Public				
	Company Limited a	nd its subsidiary			
For the years ended December 31,	2018	2017			
	Baht	Baht			
Revenue	2,317,029,112	860,128,302			
Profit (loss) before income tax expense	86,989,361	(49,686,093)			
Income tax expense	(5,882,226)	(7,751,227)			
Total comprehensive income (loss)	81,107,135	(57,437,320)			
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	6,137,398	(9,388,657)			

Summarized consolidated statement of cash flows

	Strega Public				
	Company Limited a	•			
For the years ended December 31,	2018	2017			
	Baht	Baht			
Change in operating assets and liabilities					
Operating activities	270,933,136	98,415,338			
Interest received	480,375	386,207			
Interest paid	(4,350,718)	(11,469,307)			
Employee benefit paid	(268,192)	(624,000)			
Income tax paid	(70,523,658)	(22,306,694)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	196,270,943	64,401,544			
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(42,555,981)	(18,022,953)			
Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities	(62,870,925)	50,229,528			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	90,844,037	96,608,119			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of years	104,883,631	8,275,512			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of years	195,727,668	104,883,631			

The information above is the amount before inter-company eliminations.

15. OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

Other long-term investment as at December 31, comprises the following:

			Percen	tage of	Paid-up sh	are capital	Consolida Separate financ	
			shareh	olding	(ordinar	y shares)	Cost m	ethod
			2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Company name	Nature of business	Incorporated in	%	%	Million Baht	Million Baht	Baht	Baht
UMG Entertainment Co., Ltd. <u>Less</u> Allowance for impairment	Cinema hall business	Thailand	15.00	15.00	100.00	100.00	15,000,000 (15,000,000)	15,000,000 (15,000,000)

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The movement of investment property for the years ended December 31, are as follows (Separate financial statements : Nil):

		Consolidated f	inancial stateme	nts	
	Balances As at January 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Sales of investments in subsidiaries (see Note 14)	Balances As at December 31, 2018
-	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cost	120 -00 000			(4.000.000)	424 =00 000
Land	128,700,000	-	-	(4,000,000)	124,700,000
Building	6,000,000			(6,000,000)	-
Total	134,700,000			(10,000,000)	124,700,000
Accumulated depreciation					
Building	(1,000,274)	(300,000)		1,300,274	<u> </u>
Total	(1,000,274)	(300,000)		1,300,274	<u> </u>
Investment property	133,699,726				124,700,000
		Co	nsolidated finan	cial statements	
		Balances	Additions	Disposals	Balances
		As at			As at
		January 1,			December 31,
		2017			2017
		Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cost					
Land		128,700,000	-	-	128,700,000
Building	-	6,000,000			6,000,000
Total	_	134,700,000			134,700,000
Accumulated depreciation					
Building	_	(700,274)	(300,000)		(1,000,274)
Total	_	(700,274)	(300,000)		(1,000,274)
Investment property	_	133,999,726			133,699,726
Depreciation for the years end	ad Dagambar 21	_			
2018	eu December 31,			Baht	300,000
2017				Baht	
2017				Danı	300,000

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Group has mortgaged their part of land and premises as collateral against to guarantee bank overdrafts for constriction project of a subsidiary (see Note 20).

Fair value of investment properties was referred from valuation method and fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Land Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Market approach amounting to Baht 128,000,000 (Level 2) (As at December 31, 2017 : Baht 138,400,000)
- Building Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Income approach amounting to Baht 6,000,000 (Level 3) (As at December 31, 2018 : Nil)

17. PROPERTYY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The movements of property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements					
	Balances As at	Additions	Disposals	Transfer/ Other	Sales of investments	Balances As at
	January 1, 2018				in subsidiaries (see Note 14)	December 31, 2018
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cost						
Land	32,400,331	-	-	-	(12,000,000)	20,400,331
Building and building improvements	88,193,117	43,700	-	-	-	88,236,817
Billboards	192,189,428	451,500	(13,350,755)	9,030,000	(188,320,173)	-
On-air and production equipment	93,644,112	-	(93,029,445)	-	-	614,667
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	25,371,294	2,847,460	(13,947,021)	-	(1,316,176)	12,955,557
Utilities system	27,246,438	-	-	-	-	27,246,438
Vehicles	42,767,528	25,093,022	(24,868,057)	-	(3,538,313)	42,992,493
Machinery	540,413,244	993,101	(18,552,775)	735,222	-	523,588,792
Tools	40,413,416	2,332,776	(15,471,873)	644,561		27,918,880
Total	1,082,638,908	31,761,559	(179,219,926)	10,409,783	(201,636,347)	743,953,975
Accumulated depreciation and amortization						
Building and building improvements	(36,195,052)	(4,735,500)	-	-	-	(40,930,552)
Billboards	(107,346,426)	(7,555,500)	10,781,166	-	104,120,760	=
On-air and production equipment	(80,015,311)	-	79,794,051	-	-	(221,260)
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	(21,652,427)	(1,450,007)	13,928,995	-	909,419	(8,264,020)
Utilities system	(12,196,916)	(1,504,128)	-	-	-	(13,701,044)
Vehicles	(31,360,443)	(5,786,322)	17,580,617	-	-	(19,566,148)
Machinery	(279,491,093)	(38,146,919)	12,300,449	-	-	(305,337,563)
Tools	(20,982,760)	(2,715,246)	14,677,597	-	-	(9,020,409)
Total	(589,240,428)	(61,893,622)	149,062,875	-	105,030,179	(397,040,996)
Construction and billboards in progress						
Construction in progress	1,324,192	528,090	_	(1,379,783)	_	472,499
Billboards in progress	- 1,324,172	9,030,000	_	(9,030,000)	_	
Total	1,324,192	9,558,090		(10,409,783)		472,499
Less allowance for impairment	(73,737,516)	-	17,124,304	-	54,090,608	(2,522,604)
Property, plant and equipment	420,985,156				2 .,070,000	344,862,874

		Consolid	lated financial s	statements	
	Balances	Additions	Disposals	Transfer/	Balances
	As at			Other	As at
	January 1,				December 31,
	2017				2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cost	22 400 221				22 400 221
Land	32,400,331	-	-	-	32,400,331
Building and building improvements	87,649,472	185,748	- (5.520.046)	357,897	88,193,117
Billboards	186,714,711	420,697	(5,529,846)	10,583,866	192,189,428
Electronic media	10,344,567	264,240	(17,404,057)	6,795,250	-
On-air and production equipment	94,114,501	1 522 500	(470,389)	-	93,644,112
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	23,979,954	1,532,790	(141,450)	-	25,371,294
Utilities system	27,246,438	-	-	-	27,246,438
Vehicles	42,674,428	93,100	-	- (2.05.050)	42,767,528
Machinery	539,706,064	2,783,239	-	(2,076,059)	540,413,244
Tools	38,488,883	9,872,649	-	(7,948,116)	40,413,416
Total	1,083,319,349	15,152,463	(23,545,742)	7,712,838	1,082,638,908
Accumulated depreciation and amortization					
Building and building improvements	(31,399,656)	(4,795,396)	-	-	(36,195,052)
Billboards	(105,452,711)	(7,069,345)	5,175,630	-	(107,346,426)
Electronic media	(1,975,725)	(387,327)	2,363,052	-	-
On-air and production equipment	(77,345,862)	(3,139,821)	470,372	-	(80,015,311)
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	(20,381,318)	(1,373,427)	102,318	-	(21,652,427)
Utilities system	(10,692,789)	(1,504,127)	-	-	(12,196,916)
Vehicles	(27,379,223)	(3,981,220)	-	-	(31,360,443)
Machinery	(236,541,724)	(42,949,369)	-	-	(279,491,093)
Tools	(18,538,725)	(2,444,035)			(20,982,760)
Total	(529,707,733)	(67,644,067)	8,111,372		(589,240,428)
Construction and billboards in progress					
Construction in progress	281,754	3,135,787	-	(2,093,349)	1,324,192
Billboards in progress		8,026,000		(8,026,000)	
Total	281,754	11,161,787		(10,119,349)	1,324,192
Less allowance for impairment	(81,905,665)		8,168,149		(73,737,516)
Property, plant and equipment	471,987,705				420,985,156
Depreciation for the years ended December 31,					
2018				Baht	61,893,622
2017				Baht	67,644,067

		Separate financial statement			
	Balances	Additions	Disposals	Balances	
	As at			As at	
	January 1,			December 31,	
	2018			2018	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Cost					
Building and building improvements	70,265,085	43,700	-	70,308,785	
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	3,707,170	2,034,175	(58,695)	5,682,650	
Utilities system	26,161,457	-	-	26,161,457	
Vehicles	9,108,798		(5,577,413)	3,531,385	
Total	109,242,510	2,077,875	(5,636,108)	105,684,277	
Accumulated depreciation					
Building and building improvements	(29,671,079)	(4,051,510)	-	(33,722,589)	
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	(2,324,098)	(710,751)	43,321	(2,991,528)	
Utilities system	(11,111,940)	(1,504,127)	-	(12,616,067)	
Vehicles	(5,710,606)	(784,447)	4,362,937	(2,132,116)	
Total	(48,817,723)	(7,050,835)	4,406,258	(51,462,300)	
Property, plant and equipment	60,424,787			54,221,977	
		Separate financ	ial statements		
	Balances	Additions	Disposals	Balances	
	As at			As at	
	January 1,			December 31,	
	2017			2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Cost					
Building and building improvements	70,079,337	185,748	-	70,265,085	
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	3,433,142	318,248	(44,220)	3,707,170	
Utilities system	26,161,457	-	-	26,161,457	
Vehicles	9,108,798			9,108,798	
Total	108,782,734	503,996	(44,220)	109,242,510	
Accumulated depreciation					
Building and building improvements	(25,624,872)	(4,046,207)	-	(29,671,079)	
Furniture and fixtures, and office equipment	(1,622,143)	(724,218)	22,263	(2,324,098)	
Utilities system	(9,607,813)	(1,504,127)	-	(11,111,940)	
Vehicles	(4,112,887)	(1,597,719)	-	(5,710,606)	
Total	(40,967,715)	(7,872,271)	22,263	(48,817,723)	
Property, plant and equipment	67,815,019			60,424,787	
	67,815,019			60,424,787	
Depreciation for the years ended December 31,	67,815,019		D-L/		
	67,815,019		Baht Baht	7,050,835 7,872,271	

During 2018, the Group has reversed allowance for impairment of on-air and production equipment by Baht 13.08 million, billboards by Baht 2.09 million and machinery by Baht 1.79 million from write-off and depreciated assets, reversed allowance for impairment of billboards by Baht 54.09 million and on-air and production equipment by Baht 0.16 million due to sales of investments in subsidiaries and classified as other current assets from the dissolution of subsidiaries. (For the period ended December 31, 2017: the Group has reversed allowance for diminution in value of electronic media by Baht 8.16 million from sales of assets).

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Group has mortgaged their land and premise as collateral for bank overdrafts credit facilities and short-term borrowing from financial institutions (see Note 20).

As at December 31, asset under finance lease contracts include above, where the Group is the lessee, comprise machinery, tools and vehicles as follows:

	Consoli	idated	Sepai	rate	
	financial st	tatements	financial statements		
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Assets under finance lease contracts					
Cost	164,519,176	148,637,415	3,485,124	5,453,124	
Less accumulated depreciation	(79,676,279)	(62,927,087)	(2,098,301)	(2,534,597)	
Net book value	84,842,897	85,710,328	1,386,823	2,918,527	

The gross amount of the Group's and the Company's fully depreciated plant and equipment that was still in use as at December 31, 2018 amounted to Baht 104.65 million and Baht 5.62 million, respectively (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 99.53 million and Baht 4.92 million, respectively).

18. RIGHTS OF EXPLOITATION

The movements of rights of exploitation for the years ended December 31, are as follows (Separate financial statements : Nil):

		Consolic	lated financia	l statements	
	Balances As at January 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Sales of investments in subsidiaries (see Note 14)	Balances As at December 31, 2018
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Cost					
Rights of exploitation	7,305,186		(3,317,807)	(3,987,379)	
Total	7,305,186		(3,317,807)	(3,987,379)	=
Accumulated amortization Rights of exploitation Total	(4,267,569) (4,267,569)	(321,844) (321,844)	2,008,727 2,008,727	2,580,686 2,580,686	
<u>Less</u> allowance for diminution in value	(1,375,620)		1,058,678	316,942	
Rights of exploitation	1,661,997				

	Consolidated financial statements					
	Balances As at	Additions	Disposals	Balances As at		
	January 1, 2017			December 31, 2017		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Cost						
Rights of exploitation	8,347,486		(1,042,300)	7,305,186		
Total	8,347,486		(1,042,300)	7,305,186		
Accumulated amortization						
Rights of exploitation	(3,827,700)	(599,934)	160,065	(4,267,569)		
Total	(3,827,700)	(599,934)	160,065	(4,267,569)		
<u>Less</u> allowance for impairment	(2,251,667)	-	876,047	(1,375,620)		
Rights of exploitation	2,268,119			1,661,997		
Amortization for the years ended Decembe	er 31,					
2018			Baht	321,844		
2017			Baht	599,934		

During 2018, the Group has reversed allowance for diminution in value of rights of exploitation by Baht 1.06 million and Baht 0.32 million from expired of right of exploitation and sales of investments in subsidiaries, respectively. (For the year ended December 31, 2017: the Group has reversed allowance for diminution in value of rights of exploitation by Baht 0.87 million from expired billboards rights).

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as at December 31, comprise the following:

	Consol	lidated	Sepa	rate	
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Deferred tax assets - net	-	9,683,077	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities - net	(30,638,620)	(25,110,271)	<u>-</u>		
	(30,638,620)	(15,427,194)	-	-	

The movement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for the years ended December 31, comprises the following:

Consolidated financial statements

	As at January 1, 2018 Baht	Realized in profit or loss Baht	Realized in other comprehensive income Baht	Sales of investments in subsidiaries (see Note 14) Baht	As at December 31, 2018 Baht
Deferred tax assets:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	761,131	-	-	(761,131)	-
Provision for employee benefit	213,428	(207,196)	-	(6,232)	-
Allowance for impairment of property,					
plant and equipment	13,852,395	(3,034,273)	-	(10,818,122)	-
Allowance for diminution in value					
of right of exploitation	275,124	(211,735)		(63,389)	
-	15,102,078	(3,453,204)		(11,648,874)	
Deferred tax liabilities: Different amortization charge between accounting and tax Total deferred tax assets - net Deferred tax assets Allowance for obsolete	(5,419,001) (5,419,001) 9,683,077	2,574,442 2,574,442 (878,762)	<u>-</u> - - -	2,844,559 2,844,559 (8,804,315)	65,062
Allowance for impairment of assets	785,186	(359,347)	-	-	425,839
Provision for employee benefit	306,873	249,580	353,878	-	910,331
Liabilities under financial lease	6,341,570	(5,472,316)	-	-	869,254
Expense warrant (ESOP)	7,400,601	112,555	- 252.070		112,555
-	7,498,691	(5,469,528)	353,878		2,383,041
Deferred tax liabilities Assets under financial lease	(19,145,388)	(2,870,151)	-	-	(22,015,539)
Extend useful life of fixed assets	(13,463,574)	2,457,452	-	-	(11,006,122)
-	(32,608,962)	(412,699)	-	-	(33,021,661)
Total deferred tax liabilities - net	(25,110,271)	(5,882,227)	353,878		(30,638,620)

Consolidated financial statements

	As at January 1, 2017 Baht	Realized in profit or loss Baht	Realized in other comprehensive Income Baht	As at December 31, 2017 Baht
Deferred tax assets:				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,132,456	(371,325)	-	761,131
Provision for employee benefit	1,144,422	(930,994)	-	213,428
Different amortization charge between		(0.00 == 1)		
accounting and tax	992,574	(992,574)	-	-
Allowance for impairment of property,	15 406 025	(1, (22, (20))		12.052.205
plant and equipment	15,486,025	(1,633,630)	-	13,852,395
Allowance for impairment of right of	450 222	(175.200)		275 124
exploitation	450,333	(175,209)		275,124
	19,205,810	(4,103,732)		15,102,078
Deferred tax liabilities: Different amortization charge between accounting and tax	(2,592,762)	(2,826,239)	<u>-</u>	(5,419,001)
	(2,592,762)	(2,826,239)		(5,419,001)
Total deferred tax assets - net	16,613,048	(6,929,971)		9,683,077
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	2,811,880	(2,811,880)	-	-
Allowance for obsolete	65,062	-	-	65,062
Allowance for impairment of assets	785,186	-	-	785,186
Provision for employee benefit	583,440	(276,567)	-	306,873
Liabilities under financial lease	11,575,377	(5,233,807)		6,341,570
	15,820,945	(8,322,254)		7,498,691
Deferred tax liabilities				
Assets under financial lease	(22,799,632)	3,654,244	-	(19,145,388)
Extend useful life of fixed assets	(10,380,358)	(3,083,216)	-	(13,463,574)
	(33,179,990)	571,028	-	(32,608,962)
Total deferred tax liabilities - net	(17,359,045)	(7,751,226)	_	(25,110,271)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable and the Group's management has considered that impairments will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Group and the Company did not recognize deferred income tax assets of Baht 91.98 million and Baht 138.86 million, respectively (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 81.98 million and Baht 192.81 million, respectively) in respect of deductible temporary differences of loss from impairment of refundable deposit of investing in other company of Baht 120.00 million (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 120.00 million) (Separate financial statements: Nil), loss from impairment of investments in subsidiaries of Baht 561.43 million (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 933.27 million) (Consolidated financial statements: Nil) and unused tax losses amounting to Baht 339.89 million and Baht 132.85 million, respectively (As at December 31, 2017: Baht 289.92 million and Baht 30.78 million, respectively) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Losses expire during 2019 - 2022.

20. CREDIT FACILITIES FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

20.1 Bank overdrafts from a financial institution

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, a subsidiary has bank overdraft limit from a financial institution in amount of Baht 2.00 million with interest rate of 1.25% per annum and partial more than Baht 2.00 million with interest rate of 13.00% per annum. Such bank overdraft, such subsidiary has restricted deposits at a financial institution represent saving account in amounting of Baht 2.00 million (see Note 7).

20.2 Credit facilities from financial institutions

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, a subsidiary has credit facilities agreement with a financial institutions in amount of Baht 977.35 million and Baht 800.05 million, respectively, to support its operation. The collaterals are assigned which consist of rights to receive payment from the construction project, deposit at a financial institution of such subsidiary, land of another subsidiary (see Note 16), and guarantee by the Company.

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, a subsidiary has a promissory note limit from a financial institution in amount of Baht 30.00 million with interest rate at MLR-1.25% per annum and mortgaged by such subsidiary's land and building premise as collateral (see Note 17).

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, a subsidiary has credit facilities agreement with a financial institution Baht 89.50 million and Baht 85.00 million, respectively, to support its operation. The collaterals are assigned rights to receive payment from the construction project, mortgaged by land of such subsidiary (see Note 17), and guaranteed by the Company.

20.3 Short-term borrowings from a financial institution

As at December 31, 2017, a subsidiary has promissory notes from a financial institution by Baht 30.00 million. Such promissory notes bear the interest rate at MLR-1.25% per annum. Such borrowings have been secured by land and building premise of such subsidiary as collateral (see Note 17) (As at December 31, 2018 : Nil).

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables as at December 31, comprise the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	2018 Baht	2017 Baht
Trade payables – other companies Other payables from purchase of	197,606,463	226,685,522	-	-
plant and equipment – other companies	549,952	714,629	471,325	454,750
Other payables – other companies	8,601,346	9,586,280	862,237	-
Other payables – related companies				
(see Note 36.2)	-	-	-	168,814
Advance receive – related companies				
(see Note 36.2)	-	-	501,654	-
Unearned revenue	-	1,963,750	-	
Accrued commission	-	1,819,871	-	-
Dividend payable	-	937,625	-	-
Other accrued expenses	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
Interest payable	-	12,329	-	-
Other accrued expenses	31,653,272	11,986,932	6,409,843	4,981,564
	248,411,033	253,706,938	18,245,059	5,605,128

22. LIABILITIES UNDER FINANCIAL LEASE AGREEMENTS

Liabilities under financial lease agreements as at December 31, comprise the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Liabilities under financial lease agreements	Baht 26,627,020	Baht 36,393,808	Baht 1,040,260	Baht 1,958,526
<u>Less</u> Future finance charges on finance lease	(2,171,940) 24,455,080	<u>(1,676,708)</u> 34,717,100	(77,245) 963,015	(172,687) 1,785,839
<u>Less</u> Current portion	(10,324,635) 14,130,445	<u>(29,113,351)</u> <u>5,603,749</u>	(370,191) 592,824	(733,711) 1,052,128

Payments to be made for financial lease agreements are as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		arate statements
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Within 1 year Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	11,529,010	30,610,513	426,840	828,480
	15,098,010	5,783,295	613,420	1,130,046
	26,627,020	36,393,808	1,040,260	1,958,526

23. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT

Provision for employee benefit as at December 31, comprise the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018 2017		2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Liability in the statement of financial				
position	7,596,089	3,710,598	3,044,434	1,109,095
Profit or loss charge included in				
operating profit	2,363,848	261,355	847,755	603,471
Remeasurement	3,630,839	-	1,861,448	-

The movement of provision for employee benefit for the years ended December 31, comprise the following:

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Beginning balance as at January 1,	3,710,598	5,328,806	1,109,095	626,489	
Current service cost	2,660,213	1,187,941	669,608	583,735	
Past service cost	(541,260)	=	-	-	
Interest cost	105,492	106,677	38,744	19,736	
Adjustments during for years	139,403	(1,033,263)	139,403	-	
Payment during the years	(1,042,056)	(1,879,563)	(773,864)	(120,865)	
Disposal of subsidiaries (see Note 14)	(1,067,140)	=	-	-	
Remeasurement					
- Loss from change in financial assumption	3,630,839		1,861,448		
Ending balance as at December 31,	7,596,089	3,710,598	3,044,434	1,109,095	

Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, are arising from:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018 2017		2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Financial assumptions	707,476	-	451,256	-
Demographic assumptions	2,773,491	-	643,585	-
Experience adjustment	149,872	-	766,607	-
Total	3,630,839	-	1,861,448	-

The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Discount rate	2.59 – 3.51 %	2.79 - 3.15%	2.88%	3.15%
Salary increase rate	5.00%	4.37 - 5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Retirement	60 years	55 years	60 years	55 years

The sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption disclosed were as follows:

	Consolidate fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements		
	Impact on provision	for employee benefit	Impact on provision for employee benefit		
	2018	2018 2017		2017	
	%	%	%	%	
Discount rate increase by 1.00%	Decrease by 8.29 - 9.24	Decrease by 5.68 - 13.12	Decrease by 9.24	Decrease by 13.12	
Discount rate decrease by 1.00%	Increase by 9.55 - 10.75	Increase by 6.00 - 15.75	Increase by 10.75	Increase by 15.75	
Salary growth rate increase by 1.00%	Increase by 9.22 - 11.09	Increase by 7.86 - 15.14	Increase by 11.09	Increase by 15.14	
Salary growth rate decrease by 1.00%	Decrease by 8.18 - 9.69	Decrease by 7.48 - 12.90	Decrease by 9.69	Decrease by 12.90	

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of provision for employee benefit to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method (present value of provision for employee benefit calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating provision for employee benefit recognized within the statement of financial position.

24. PROVISION FOR COST OF DISMANTLING

Provision for cost of dismantling for the years ended December 31, comprise the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	2018 Baht	2017 Baht
Beginning balance as at January 1,	9,724,090	9,655,744	1,255,065	1,255,065
Cost of dismantling increase during the years	_	684,937	_	_
Payment during the years	-	(616,591)	-	-
Sales of investment in subsidiary				
(see Note 14)	(8,469,025)			
Ending balance as at December 31,	1,255,065	9,724,090	1,255,065	1,255,065

25. SHARE CAPITAL AND WARRANTS

Share capital and warrants for the years ended December 31, comprise the following:

	Issued and fully paid-up				
	Share capital Authorized share capital Baht	Number of shares Share	Ordinary shares Baht	Share premium Baht	
As at January 1, 2017 Reduction of registered share capital As at December 31, 2017	813,416,825 (10,058,984) 803,357,841	8,033,578,407 8,033,578,407	803,357,841	548,392,949	
As at January 1, 2018 Increase of registered share capital Transfer share premium to compensate deficits As at December 31, 2018	803,357,841 165,671,568 - 969,029,409	8,033,578,407	803,357,841	548,392,949 - (311,538,119) 236,854,830	

25.1 Share capital

On April 26, 2017, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for the year 2017 approved the reduction of the Company's registered share capital of Baht 10,058,984 from the existing registered share capital by Baht 813,416,825 to Baht 803,357,841 by cancelling 100,589,842 unissued ordinary shares with par value of Baht 0.10 per share. On May 18, 2017, the Company registered the decrease of share capital including the amendment of the Company's Memorandum of Association with the Ministry of Commerce.

On April 25, 2018, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for the year 2018 approved the increase of registered capital of the Company in the amount of Baht 165,671,568 from current registered capital of Baht 803,357,841 to Baht 969,029,409 at a par value of Baht 0.10 each. On May 10, 2018, the Company registered the increase of share capital including the amendment of the Company's Memorandum of Association with the Ministry of Commerce.

25.2 Warrants

On April 25, 2018, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for the year 2018 had passed resolutions for significant approval as follows:

• Approved the issuance and offering of the warrants to purchase the ordinary shares of the Company No.3 ("Warrants No.3" or "TRITN-W3"), in the amount of not exceeding 1,606,715,681 units to the existing shareholders of the Company in proportion to their respective shareholdings (Rights Offering), without cost incurred, at the ratio of 5 existing ordinary shares to 1 unit of the warrants No.3 (the traction shall be rounded down) and the exercise price for the warrants No.3 shall be fixed as Baht 0.25 per share (except further adjusting on exercise price), expiration date not later than 3 years after the issuance and offering of the warrants with exercise date on June 30, 2019 and expiration date on May 29, 2021.

Approved the issuance and offering of warrants to purchase ordinary shares of the Company, as registered and non-transferable type (save for the case of death, missing person according to the Court's order, the person that the Court ordered as incompetent person or quasi-incompetent person or other cases as the Board deems appropriate) to the Directors, Executives and Employees of the Company and Subsidiaries (Employee Stock Ownership Plan: ESOP) ("TRITN-WA Project"), in the amount not exceeding 50,000,000 units, representing 0.62% of total number of shares which are entitled to vote as of March 15, 2018, in order to allocate to the Directors, Executives and Employees of the Company and subsidiaries, without cost incurred, at the ratio of 1 unit of the warrants to 1 TRITN share. The issuance and offering of warrants subject to the TRITN-WA Project imposing the offering price at Baht 0.34 per share, expiration date not later than 3 years after the issuance and offering of the warrants. The first exercise date is June 30, 2019, and the last exercise date is May 29, 2021. The warrant is based on the fair value measured using a Binomial Model by external independent valuer. Such fair value of warrant is Baht 0.1013 per warrant.

• Warrant has details as follows:

	Number of							
	Term	Grant	Expired	issued warrants	Exercise ratio	Exercise price		
Project Name	(year)	date	date	(Unit)	per 1 warrant	(Baht per share)		
TRITN-WA	3	May 30, 2018	May 29, 2021	42,857,100	1	0.34		
TRITN-W3	3	May 30, 2018	May 29, 2021	1,606,608,920	1	0.25		

Fair value of warrants are measured by using Binomial Model with the following financial assumptions:

TRITN-WA	
Grant date share price	0.29
Exercise price warrant	0.34
Expected volatility	57.08%
The expected period, that shareholders will completely	
use their right on warrant	3 years
Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Risk free interest rate	1.86%

Movements of rights in the number of outstanding warrants for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	As at January 1,	Transaction du	ring the period	Unit: Units As at December 31,
	2018	Grant rights	Forfeiture	2018
TRITN - WA	-	42,857,100	(11,904,750)	30,952,350
TRITN - W3	_	1,606,608,920	_	1,606,608,920

25.3 Transfer share premium to compensate deficits

On April 25, 2018, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for the year 2018 had approved the transfer not exceeding Baht 548,392,949 of share premium to compensate the deficits of the Company as of December 31, 2017 at the amount of Baht 311,538,119 in accordance with the Section 119 of the Public Limited Companies Act, B.E.2535 which was amended (Version 2) in B.E.2544., with the remaining balance of share premium as of April 25, 2018 is Baht 236,854,830.

26. LEGAL RESERVE

Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires that a company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit less the accumulated losses brought forward, if any, to a reserve account ("Legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

27. REVENUE CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NOTIFICATION OF THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION ("NBTC")

Classification information is prepared according to notification of NBTC, Re: Licence fee for the radio or television or telecommunications business for licence fee calculation of radio or television business B.E. 2555.

Consolidate financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2017 (For the period ended December 31, 2018 : Nil)

Revenues under

Revenue after Total	1
Revenue area 10ta	
receiving revenu	ies
licence and under	
not yet paid criteri Licence Period Type of Revenue licence fee of NBT Baht Baht	ГC
Radio or television network service September 2, 2013 - September 1, 2030 1) Revenue from bandwidth service 47,650,000 47,650,000 (Not using radio)	,000
Broadcasting or telecommunications March 24, 2014 - March 23, 2018 1) Revenue from sponsor 7,506,346 7,506	,346
service - Thaichaiyo Channel 2) Revenue from short massage sharing 7,996 7,	,996
3) Revenue or asset from other bartering800,000800,	,000
Related revenue and calculated licence fee 55,964,342 55,964	,342

28. OTHER INCOME

Other income as at December 31, comprise of:

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial	statements	financial statements		
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Interest income (see Note 36.1)	2,750,008	3,152,147	11,876,156	11,314,127	
Management service income (see Note 36.1)	-	-	7,120,000	9,072,000	
Revenue from space rental (see Note 36.1)	-	-	7,452,000	6,840,000	
Gain from sales of asset	4,350,899	-	1,542,846	37	
Dividend income	1,299,214	1,656,950	1,299,214	1,656,950	
Gain from sales of supplies	12,505,360	-	-	-	
Revenue from machinery rental	26,264,095	-	-	-	
Other income	1,751,100	7,046,617	1,329,857	4,350,591	
	48,920,676	11,885,714	30,620,073	33,233,705	

29. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

Employee benefit expenses as at December 31, comprise of:

	Conso	lidated	Separate financial statements		
	financial	statements			
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Salaries, wages and bonus	74,633,783	74,928,652	23,461,494	23,236,341	
Employee benefit (see Note 23)	2,363,848	261,355	847,755	603,471	
Provident fund	2,027,402	1,494,628	418,736	393,322	
Employee welfare	10,388,284	10,516,372	5,020,071	1,899,472	
	89,413,317	87,201,007	29,748,056	26,132,606	

Defined contribution plans

The defined contribution plans comprise provident funds established by the Group for its employees. Membership to the funds is on a voluntary basis. Contributions are made monthly by the employees at rates ranging from 3% to 15% of their basic salaries and by the Group at rates ranging from 3% of the employees' basic salaries. The provident funds are registered with the Ministry of Finance as juristic entities and are managed by a licensed Fund Manager.

30. EXPENSES BY NATURE

The following expenditure items for the years ended December 31, classified by nature, have been charged in profit before finance costs and income tax:

	Consol	idated	Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial s	statements	
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Employee benefit expenses	89,413,317	87,201,007	29,748,056	26,132,606	
Depreciation expense	54,240,217	56,773,571	7,050,835	7,872,271	
Amortization expense	1,074,151	686,645	858,266	626,977	
Rental expense	5,682,168	5,878,387	3,919,889	3,912,000	
Repair and maintenance expenses	27,854,995	7,293,609	355,909	111,493	
Reversal of doubtful accounts	(72,897)	(2,945,037)	-	(131,382,819)	
Cost of projects	1,468,013,108	633,593,243	-	-	
Outsource service	503,953,482	84,076,605	-	-	
Fuel and oil	17,634,345	18,031,449	-	-	
Other expenses	80,978,532	31,586,363	12,028,882	5,630,675	
Loss from sales of temporary investments	21,892,658	-	21,892,658	-	
Loss on impairment of investment in subsidiaries	-	-	295,692	139,620,000	

31. OTHER LOSSES

Other losses for the years ended December 31, comprise of:

		lidated	Separate		
	financial statements		financial s	statements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Loss from impairment of investments in					
subsidiaries			295,692	139,620,000	
	-	-	295,692	139,620,000	

32. FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs for the years ended December 31, comprise of:

		lidated statements	Sepa financial s	
	2018 2017 2018 Baht Baht Baht			
Borrowings from financial institutions	1,770,194	518,742	-	Baht -
Finance lease liabilities	2,661,992	3,577,040	93,796	134,285
	4,432,186	4,095,782	93,796	134,285

33. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Reconciliation of income tax expense for the years ended December 31, comprises:

		Consolidated financial statements 2018 2017				_	oarate statements 2017	
	%	2018 Baht	%	2017 Baht	%	2018 Baht	%	2017 Baht
Current income tax on taxable profit for the years		(413,772)		(136,473)		-		-
Deferred for from temporary		(5,882,227)		(7,751,226)	-			
Income tax expenses		(6,295,999)	·	(7,887,699)	• .	-		-
Profit (loss) before tax accounting base from continuing operation Profit before tax accounting		122,976,062		(76,965,112)		56,207,323		(22,098,550)
base from discontinued operation		37,664,628		36,689,874		-		5,900,703
Profit (loss) for the year before tax accounting base		160,640,690		(40,275,238)	: :	56,207,323		(16,197,847)
Tax calculated at a tax rate	20	33,223,891	20	(8,055,048)	20	11,241,465	20	(3,239,569)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for								
tax purpose		279,924		619,593		4,576		116,027
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debt		(14,579)		-		-		(26,276,564)
Allowance for impairment of equipment		359,347		-		-		-
Allowance for impairment investments		-		-		-		27,924,001
Temporary difference which not be								
recorded as deferred tax		(33,075,465)		15,465,123		(11,246,041)		1,476,105
Recognition of previously unrecognized								
deferred tax (asset) liability - Carried forward loss				(141.060)				
Carried forward fossDifference of depreciation expense		-		(141,969)				-
between accounting base and tax base		(2,457,451)				-		
- Employee benefit paid during the year		(249,580)				_		
Liabilities under finance lease		8,342,467		-		_		_
Expense warrant (ESOP)		(112,555)		_		_		_
Income tax expense	4	6,295,999	_	7,887,699		_	- <u>-</u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-,,-//		.,,-//			-	

34. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

During 2017, the Board of Directors' Meeting of Splash Media Public Company Limited, which was a subsidiary, approved the ending of satellite signal agreement and cancelled the license of radio or television business for network service (not using radio). As a result, the Group and the Company had discontinued operation in television program and digital channel management business.

On December 27, 2018, the Company sold all the ordinary shares of Splash Media Public Company Limited which was a subsidiary of the Company to a company. Thus, the Company lost the control over such subsidiary, Splash Estate Co., Ltd. and Splash Studio Co., Ltd. which were indirect subsidiaries of the Company, as described in Note 14 to the financial statements. As a result, the Group and the Company has discontinued rental on advertising space business. The Company has not recognized the operating result of those subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements since the date that the Company lost its control.

The Group has presented the operating result of discontinued segment and those companies as "Profit from discontinued operation for the years" in the consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The details of discontinued operation for the years ended December 31, are as follows:

	Conso	lidated	Se	parate
	financial s	statements	financia	l statements
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Revenues from rendering services	85,123,092	138,543,270	-	-
Other income	18,611,975	9,740,299	-	-
Cost of services	(41,771,500)	(86,796,859)	-	-
Selling expenses	(4,805,806)	(8,447,459)	-	-
Administrative expenses	(13,044,758)	(25,530,134)	-	-
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	4,711,421	-	-
Reversal of universal services obligation	-	11,399,307	-	5,900,703
Other losses	(130,827)	-	-	-
Profit before income tax expense	43,982,176	43,619,845	-	5,900,703
Income tax expense	(6,317,548)	(6,929,971)	-	-
Profit from discontinued operation for the years	37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703

35. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

35.1 Basic earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share are calculated by dividing the profit (loss) attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued during the year, are as follows:

	Consol	idated	Separate			
	financial s	tatements	financial statements For the years ended December 31,			
	For the years end	led December 31,				
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Continuing operations						
Attribute to shareholders from						
continuing operation (Baht)	110,990,639	(75,499,801)	56,207,323	(22,098,550)		
Weighted average number of						
common shares (basic) (Shares)	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407		
Basic earnings per share						
(Baht per share)	0.0138	(0.0094)	0.0070	(0.0028)		

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	•	ded December 31,	•	years ended December 31,	
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	
Discontinued operations	Dant	Dant	Dant	Dant	
Attribute to shareholders from					
discontinuing operation (Baht)	37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703	
Weighted average number of					
common shares (basic) (Shares)	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	
Basic earnings per share					
(Baht per share)	0.0047	0.0046	-	0.0007	

35.2 Diluted earnings (loss) per share

The diluted earnings (loss) per share are calculated adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding held by third parties to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Group has dilutive potential ordinary shares that are warrants (see Note 25). For the share options, a calculation is made to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the market three average price of the Company's shares). The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the warrant. The difference is added to the denominator as an issue of ordinary shares for no consideration. No adjustment is made to earnings (loss), are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended December 31,		Separate financial statements For the years ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Continuing operation Attribute to shareholders from continuing operation (Baht)	110.990.639	(75,499,801)	56.207.323	(22,098,550)	
Weighted average number of common shares (basic) (Shares)	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	
Weighted average number of common shares (diluted) (Shares)	8,447,401,917	8,033,578,407	8,447,401,917	8,033,578,407	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (Baht per share)	0.0131	(0.0094)	0.0067	(0.0028)	

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended December 31,		financial s	Separate financial statements For the years ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Discontinued operation Attribute to shareholders from						
discontinuing operation (Baht) Weighted average number of	37,664,628	36,689,874	-	5,900,703		
common shares (basic) (Shares) Weighted average number of	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407	8,033,578,407		
common shares (diluted) (Shares)	8,447,401,917	8,033,578,407	8,447,401,917	8,033,578,407		
Diluted earnings per share (Baht per share)	0.0045	0.0046	-	0.0007		

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Enterprises and individuals that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

The significant investments in associates and subsidiaries are set out in Notes 13 and 14, respectively.

Relationship between company and related parties

Related party name

Relationship

Digital Right Pictures Public Company Limited* Splash Media Public Company Limited*** Argyle Development Co., Ltd. Strega Public Company Limited Thor Energy and Resource Co., Ltd.** Live TV Co., Ltd.**

Splash Estate Co., Ltd. Splash Studio Co., Ltd.** Lucent Energy Co., Ltd. Triton Power Co., Ltd. (Formerly named "Thaichaiyo TV Co., Ltd.")

Triton Resources Co., Ltd. (Formerly named "POP TV Co., Ltd.")

Triton Green Energy Co., Ltd. Box Office Entertainment Co., Ltd.

Subsidiary Subsidiary until December 26, 2018

Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary

Subsidiary of Argyle Development Co., Ltd. until October 18, 2017 before become subsidiary of Triton Holding Public Company Limited

Subsidiary of Splash Media Public Company Limited Subsidiary of Splash Media Public Company Limited Subsidiary of Strega Public Company Limited

Subsidiary of Splash Media Public Company Limited until October 18, 2017 before become subsidiary of Triton Holding Public Company Limited

Subsidiary of Splash Media Public Company Limited until October 18, 2017 before become subsidiary of Triton Holding Public Company Limited

Subsidiary Associate

- Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development and under liquidation process
- Registered to dissolve with Department of Business Development
- *** Sales of investments during 2018 (see Note 14)

The pricing policies for related parties transactions are as follows:

Transactions Pricing policies

Revenue from operation According to the price determined in the contract (management fee, space rental and service fee)

Interest According to the rate determined in the contract

36.1 Significant transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, consist of:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
I	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Interest income (see Note 28)				(71.451
Live TV Company Limited	-	-	-	671,451
Triton Resources Company Limited				
(Formerly named "POP TV Company Limited")			10,470	49,413
Triton Power Company Limited	-	-	10,470	49,413
(Formerly named "Thaichaiyo TV				
Company Limited")				54,904
Splash Estate Company Limited	-	-	-	325,627
Strega Public Company Limited	-	-	9,600,800	7,608,709
Suega i uone Company Emited		 -	9,611,270	8,710,104
=	 -		9,011,270	6,710,104
Management service income				
(see Note 28)				
Splash Media Public Company Limited	-	-	1,550,000	6,072,000
Strega Public Company Limited			5,570,000	3,000,000
_	-	-	7,120,000	9,072,000
Space rental and service income (see Note 28)			7.00 0.000	6 0 4 0 0 0 0
Splash Media Public Company	-	-	5,328,000	6,840,000
Strega Public Company Limited	-	-	2,124,000	
=	-	-	7,452,000	6,840,000
Other income				
Splash Media Public Company Limited	-	-	620,683	1,982,857
Splash Studio Company Limited	-	-	-	100,400
Strega Public Company Limited			629,083	-
<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,249,766	2,083,257
Remuneration of directors and executives			_ ,	
Management fee	9,595,000	13,158,644	9,155,000	3,865,000
Short-term benefit	32,160,600	11,381,708	11,537,060	9,669,500
Post-retirement benefit	641,480	484,879	641,480	439,859
_	42,397,080	25,025,231	21,333,540	13,974,359

36.2 Balances with related parties as of December 31, consist of:

	Consolidated financial statements		-	Separate financial statements	
	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	2018 Baht	2017 Baht	
Other receivables (see Note 9)					
Splash Media Public Company Limited	-	-	-	1,527,688	
Strega Public Company Limited			1,162,094	267,500	
			1,162,094	1,795,188	
Advance payment (see Note 9)					
Live TV Company Limited	-	-	-	3,649	
Thor Energy and Resource Company	-	-	-	1,667	
Argyle Development Company Limited	-	-	-	1,667	
	-		-	6,983	
Accrued interest income (see Note 9) Triton Resources Company Limited (Formerly named					
"POP TV Company Limited")	-	-	10,470	-	
Strega Public Company Limited	-	-	13,069,256	3,468,456	
	-	-	13,079,726	3,468,456	
Other payables (see Note 21)					
Splash Studio Company Limited	-			168,814	
				168,814	
Advance received (see Note 21)					
Triton Green Energy Company Limited			501,654		
	-		501,654	_	

36.3 Short-term loans to related companies as at December 31, consist of:

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements		financial st	financial statements	
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Triton Resources Company Limited					
(Formerly named					
"POP TV Company Limited")	-	-	2,100,000	-	
Strega Public Company Limited	-	-	184,000,000	184,000,000	
	-	-	186,100,000	184,000,000	

As at December 31, 2018, outstanding short-term loans to subsidiaries represented unsecured promissory notes, denominated in Thai Baht which bear 1.00% - 5.26% interest rate per annum. The promissory notes are due for repayment at call (As at December 31, 2017: interest rate 5.18% - 5.26% per annum).

The movement of short-term loans to related companies as at December 31, are as follows (Consolidated financial statements : Nil):

	Balances	-	ncial statements	Balances
	As at January 1, 2018	Addition	Deduction	As at December 31, 2018
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Triton Resources Company Limited (Formerly named "POP TV Company Limited")	-	2,100,000	-	2,100,000
Strega Public Company Limited	184,000,000 184,000,000	-		184,000,000 186,100,000
	104,000,000			100,100,000
	Balances	=	ncial statements ement	Balances
	As at January 1, 2017	Addition	Deduction	As at December 31, 2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Live TV Company Limited Triton Resources Company Limited (Formerly named	71,301,000	-	(71,301,000)	-
"POP TV Company Limited") Triton Power Company Limited (Formerly named "Thaichaiyo TV	5,400,000	-	(5,400,000)	-
Company Limited")	6,000,000	_	(6,000,000)	-
Splash Estate Company Limited	68,998,250	_	(68,998,250)	-
Strega Public Company Limited	136,000,000	128,000,000	(80,000,000)	184,000,000
	287,699,250	128,000,000	(231,699,250)	184,000,000
Live TV Company Limited Triton Resources Company Limited	(71,301,000)	71,301,000	-	-
(Formerly named "POP TV Company Limited") Triton Power Company Limited (Formerly named "Thaichaiyo TV	(5,400,000)	5,400,000	-	-
Company Limited")	(6,000,000)	6,000,000	-	-
• • •	(82,701,000)	82,701,000		-
	204,998,250			184,000,000

36.4 Significant agreement with a related party

On April 20, 2017, a subsidiary entered into the Land for Use Agreement with another subsidiary. Such subsidiary used the land of another subsidiary as collateral against to guarantee credit limit of a financial institution for construction project. The agreement became effective for 6 years commencing from April 26, 2017 until April 26, 2023.

37. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements			
	As at January 1, 2018 Baht	Cash flows Baht	Non-cash items New lease Baht	As at December 31, 2018 Baht
Short-term borrowing from				
financial institutions	30,000,000	(30,000,000)	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	34,717,100	(33,693,812)	23,431,792	24,455,080
		Consolidated fina	ncial statement	s
	As at	Cash flows	Non-cash	As at
	January 1,		items	December 31,
	2017		New lease	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Short-term borrowing from				
financial institutions	30,000,000	(30,000,000)	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	63,181,766	(28,464,666)	-	34,717,100
		Separate financ	cial statements	
	As at	Cash flows	Non-cash	As at
	January 1,		items	December 31,
	2018		New lease	2018
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Finance lease liabilities	1,785,839	(822,824)	-	963,015
		Separate financ	cial statements	
	As at	Cash flows	Non-cash	As at
	January 1,		items	December 31,
	2017		New lease	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Finance lease liabilities	2,480,033	(694,194)	-	1,785,839

38. IDLE COST ON A PARTICULAR CONTRACT

Idle cost on a particular contract were the amount of fixed production overheads of a subsidiary which were not allocated to work in progress such as depreciation expense of machineries and staff costs because the actual level of construction services of such subsidiary was lower than normal capacity during the period.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, such subsidiary has idle costs in amount of Baht 37.69 million and Baht 49.58 million, respectively, which have been recorded in consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (Separate financial statement: Nil).

39. SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Group has 2 reportable segments which consist of rental on advertising space business and constructions business. On December 26, 2018, the Group disposed subsidiaries companies which operated rental on advertising space business. Such segment is significant segment of the Group. Each segments have different services and the Group separately managed and used different technology and market strategies. Therefore, for the year ended December 31, 2018, the Group has 1 reportable segment which is constructions business. The Group has presented the operating result of discontinued segment as "Profit from discontinued operation for the year".

Geographical segments

The Group is managed and operates principally in Thailand. There are no material revenues derived from, or assets located in foreign countries.

Major customer

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Group has revenues from 1 major customer by Baht 2,183.94 million and Baht 680.92 million, respectively, of the Group's total revenues.

The segment financial information for the years ended December 31, are as follows:

	Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31				
	Construction	business	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Revenues	2,273,376,232	854,669,136	2,273,376,232	854,669,136	
Cost of sales and services	(2,119,015,174)	(801,200,259)	(2,119,015,174)	(801,200,259)	
Gross profit	154,361,058	53,468,877	154,361,058	53,468,877	
Gain from sales of subsidiaries			103,035,966	-	
Other income			48,920,676	11,855,714	
Idle cost on a particular contract			(37,686,426)	(49,578,949)	
Administrative expenses			(119,412,265)	(91,560,009)	
Loss from sales of temporary investments			(21,892,658)	-	
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts			72,897	2,945,037	
Finance costs			(4,432,186)	(4,095,782)	
Profit (loss) before income tax expense			122,967,062	(76,965,112)	
Income tax expense (revenue)			6,295,999	(7,887,699)	
Profit (loss) for the year from continuing operations			116,671,063	(84,852,811)	
Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations			37,664,628	36,689,874	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the years			154,335,691	(48,162,937)	

Major segmental assets and liabilities belong to constructions segment.

40. COMMITMENTS

As at December 31, the Group has commitment as following:

40.1 The Group has commitment for rental and services agreements as following:

	Consolidated financial statements			
	Rental ag	reements	Services ag	reements
	2018	2018 2017		2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Due date				
Within 1 year	3,912,000	11,710,922	7,613,483	739,200
1 - 5 years	15,648,000	35,659,451	263,500	262,800
More than 5 years	15,648,000	22,217,109	-	-
	35,208,000	69,587,482	7,876,983	1,002,000

	Separate financial statements			
	Rental ag	reements	Services agi	reements
	2018 2017		2018	2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Due date				
Within 1 year	3,912,000	3,912,000	7,315,567	-
1 - 5 years	15,648,000	15,648,000	-	-
More than 5 years	15,648,000	19,560,000	-	-
	35,208,000	39,120,000	7,315,567	-

40.2 The Group has commitment for other as following:

	Consolidated		-	arate
	financial statements 2018 2017		inanciai s	statements 2017
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Other commitment				
Restricted deposit at financial				
institutions	75,307,729	34,898,320		
Total	75,307,729	34,898,320	-	-

41. LITIGATIONS

In 2015, Strega Public Company Limited, which is a subsidiary, and a government agency and 8 co-defendants were sued. Such subsidiary is sued as the eighth defendant under the Central Administrative Court totally 4 cases for the lands compensation and damages for loss of income amounting to Baht 87.49 million. As at December 31, 2018, the case has been considered by the Central Administrative Court. However, the subsidiary's management believes that there will be no significant losses to such subsidiary as a result of this litigation and so such subsidiary did not set aside any provision for contingent liabilities in the financial statement.

42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Some financial assets of the Group that were measured at fair value in the statement of financial position as at the end of reporting period.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined.

	Financial assets	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
		As at December 31, 2018	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2018	As at December 31, 2017		
		Fair value (Baht)		Fair value (Baht)			
1.	Short-term investments in trading securities -equity securities	-	41,400,000	-	41,400,000	Level 1	Bid prices at the Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last business day of the period
2.	Short-term investments in available-for-sale securities -equity securities	26,695,015	34,163,500	26,695,015	34,163,500	Level 1	Bid prices at the Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last business day of the period
3.	Investment property, net	128,000,000	138,400,000	-	-	Level 2	Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Market approach
4.	Investment property, net	-	6,000,000	-	-	Level 3	Value assessed by external independent valuer by using Income approach

43. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- 43.1 On February 4, 2019, Strega Public Company Limited which is a subsidiary has entered into bank guarantees with a financial institution of Baht 34.04 million for the normal course of the business. The collaterals are assigned by rights to receive retention from the construction project of such subsidiary.
- 43.2 On February 20, 2019 and February 25, 2019, the Company received the share subscription for capital increase by Baht 70.00 million and USD 15.36 million (or equivalent to Baht 480.69 million), respectively, from 2 companies. The Company will propose such capital increase to the Shareholders' Meeting to consider the approval of capital increase.

44. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 to conform to the classifications financial statement used in the consolidated for the year ended December 31, 2018 as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Before	Reclassification	After		
	Reclassification		Reclassification		
	Baht	Baht	Baht		
The statement of financial position					
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	262,749,155	(9,042,217)	253,706,938		
Retention payables	-	9,042,217	9,042,217		
The statement of profit or loss					
and other comprehensive income					
Finance cost	9,237,501	(5,141,719)	4,095,782		
Administration expense	86,418,290	5,141,719	91,560,009		

45. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issuing by the authorized director of the Company on February 27, 2019.